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(54) Title: IDENTIFICATION OF BROADLY REACTIVE DR RESTRICTED EPITOPES			
(57) Abstract <p>The present invention is based, at least in part, on the discovery and validation of specific immunogenic peptide epitopes for various HLA class II DR molecules, representative of the worldwide population. Such peptides comprise an epitope, or analog thereof, which binds to an HLA class II molecule at an IC<sub>50</sub> of less than or equal to 1,000 nM.</p>			

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**IDENTIFICATION OF BROADLY REACTIVE DR. RESTRICTED EPITOPES**

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present application claims the benefit of Provisional U.S.S.N. 60/087,192 filed 5/29/98. The application is also related to U.S.S.N. 09/009953, filed January 21, 1998, U.S.S.N. 60/036,713, filed January 23, 1997, and U.S.S.N. 60/037,432 filed February 7, 1997.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Helper T lymphocytes (HTL) play several important functions in immunity to pathogens. Firstly, they provide help for induction of both CTL and antibody responses. By both direct contact and by secreting lymphokines such as IL2 and IL4, HTL promote and support the expansion and differentiation of T and B cell precursors into effector cells. In addition, HTL can also be effectors in their own right, an activity also mediated by direct cell contact and secretion of lymphokines, such as IFN $\gamma$  and TNF $\alpha$ . HTL have been shown to have direct effector activity in case of tumors, as well as viral, bacterial, parasitic, and fungal infections.

HTL recognize a complex formed between class II MHC molecules and antigenic peptides, usually between 10 and 20 residues long, and with an average size of between 13 and 16 amino acids. Peptide-class II interactions have been analyzed in detail, both at the structural and functional level, and peptide motifs specific for various human and mouse class II molecules have been proposed.

In the last few years, epitope based vaccines have received considerable attention as a possible mean to develop novel prophylactic vaccines and immunotherapeutic strategies. Selection of appropriate T and B cell epitopes should allow to focus the immune system toward conserved epitopes of pathogens which are characterized by high sequence variability (such as HIV, HCV and Malaria).

In addition, focusing the immune response towards selected determinants could be of value in the case of various chronic viral diseases and cancer, where T cells directed against the immunodominant epitopes might have been inactivated while T cells specific for subdominant epitopes might have escaped T cell tolerance. The use of epitope

based vaccines also allows to avoid "suppressive" T cell determinants which induce TH<sub>2</sub> responses, in conditions where a TH<sub>1</sub> response is desirable, or vice versa.

Finally, epitope based vaccines also offer the opportunity to include in the vaccine construct epitopes that have been engineered to modulate their potency, either by increasing MHC binding affinity, or by alteration of its TCR contact residues, or both. Inclusion of completely synthetic non-natural or generically unrelated to the pathogen epitopes (such as TT derived "universal" epitopes), also represents a possible mean of modulating the HTL response toward a TH<sub>1</sub>, or TH<sub>2</sub> phenotype.

Once appropriate epitope determinants have been defined, they can be assorted and delivered by various means, which include lipopeptides, viral delivery vectors, particles of viral or synthetic origin, naked or particle absorbed cDNA.

However, before appropriate epitopes can be defined, one major obstacle has to be overcome, namely the very high degree of polymorphism of the MHC molecules expressed in the human population. In fact, more than two hundred different types of HLA class I and class II molecules have already been identified. It has been demonstrated that in the case of HLA class I molecules, peptides capable of binding several different HLA class I molecules can be identified. Over 60% of the known HLA class I molecules can, in fact, be grouped in four broad HLA supertypes, characterized by similar peptide binding specificities (HLA supermotifs).

In the case of class II molecules, it is also known that peptides capable of binding multiple HLA types and of being immunogenic in the context of different HLA molecules do indeed exist. Specific immunogenic peptide have not been readily identified, particularly those reactive with a large number of allelic products.

The present invention addresses these and other needs.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is based, at least in part, on the discovery and validation of specific immunogenic peptide epitopes for various HLA class II DR molecules, representative of the worldwide population. Such peptides comprise an epitope, or analog thereof, which binds to an HLA class II molecule at an IC<sub>50</sub> of less than or equal to 1,000 nM. Epitopes of the invention have been identified in a variety of antigens including tumor associated antigens such as carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), p53, MAGE-2, MAGE-3, or

Her2/neu; viral antigens such as those from HIV, HBV, or HCV; and parasites such as *Plasmodium falciparum*.

The HLA class II binding peptides of the invention may further comprise an epitope having an amino acid that is Y, F, W, L, I, V, or M at the first position from the N-terminus of the epitope and an amino acid of S, T, C, A, P, V, I, L, or M at the sixth position from the N-terminus of the epitope.

A peptide epitope of the invention, or a nucleic acid that encodes a peptide of the invention, may be used, *inter alia*, as a pharmaceutical composition to induce a helper T cell response in a patient by contacting a helper T cell with the epitope. One or more peptide epitopes of the invention may be included in such a composition. In a preferred embodiment, one or more epitopes is presented to a helper T cell by an antigen-presenting cell that has been pulsed with the peptide *ex vivo*.

#### Definitions

The term "peptide" is used interchangeably with "oligopeptide" in the present specification to designate a series of residues, typically L-amino acids, connected one to the other typically by peptide bonds between the alpha-amino and carbonyl groups of adjacent amino acids. The oligopeptides of the invention are typically less than about 50 residues in length and usually consist of between about 10 and about 30 residues, more usually between about 12 and 25, and often 15 and about 20 residues.

An "immunogenic peptide" is a peptide which comprises an allele-specific motif such that the peptide will bind an MHC molecule and induce an HTL response. Immunogenic peptides of the invention are capable of binding to an appropriate HLA molecule and inducing HTL response against the antigen from which the immunogenic peptide is derived.

With regard to a particular amino acid sequence, an "epitope" is a set of amino acid residues which is involved in recognition by a particular immunoglobulin, or in the context of T cells, those residues necessary for recognition by T cell receptor proteins and/or Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) receptors. In an immune system setting, *in vivo* or *in vitro*, an epitope is the collective features of a molecule, such as primary, secondary and tertiary peptide structure, and charge, that together form a site recognized by an immunoglobulin, T cell receptor or HLA molecule.

A "conserved residue" is a conserved amino acid occupying a particular position in a peptide motif typically one where the MHC structure may provide a contact point with the immunogenic peptide. One to three, typically two, conserved residues within a peptide of defined length defines a motif for an immunogenic peptide. These residues are typically in close contact with the peptide binding groove, with their side chains buried in specific pockets of the groove itself.

The term "motif" refers to the pattern of residues in a peptide of defined length, usually a peptide of from about 8 to about 13 amino acids for a class I HLA motif and from about 6 to about 25 amino acids for a class II HLA motif, which is recognized by a particular HLA molecule. Peptide motifs are typically different for each protein encoded by each human HLA allele and differ in the pattern of the primary and secondary anchor residues.

The term "supermotif" refers to motifs that, when present in an immunogenic peptide, allow the peptide to bind more than one HLA antigen. The supermotif preferably is recognized by at least one HLA allele having a wide distribution in the human population, preferably recognized by at least two alleles, more preferably recognized by at least three alleles, and most preferably recognized by more than three alleles.

A "primary anchor residue" is an amino acid at a specific position along a peptide sequence which is understood to provide a contact point between the immunogenic peptide and the HLA molecule. One to three primary anchor residues within a peptide of defined length generally defines a "motif" for an immunogenic peptide. These residues are understood to fit in close contact with peptide binding grooves of an HLA molecule, with their side chains buried in specific pockets of the binding grooves themselves. For example, analog peptides can be created by altering the presence or absence of particular residues in these primary anchor positions. Such analogs are used to modulate the binding affinity of a peptide comprising a particular motif or supermotif.

A "secondary anchor residue" is an amino acid at a position other than a primary anchor position in a peptide which may influence peptide binding. A secondary anchor residue occurs at a significantly higher frequency amongst bound peptides than would be expected by random distribution of amino acids at one position. The secondary anchor residues are said to occur at "secondary anchor positions." A secondary anchor residue can be identified as a residue which is present at a higher frequency among high or intermediate affinity binding peptides, or a residue otherwise associated with high or intermediate affinity

binding. For example, analog peptides can be created by altering the presence or absence of particular residues in these secondary anchor positions. Such analogs are used to finely modulate the binding affinity of a peptide comprising a particular motif or supermotif.

A "negative binding residue" is an amino acid which if present at certain positions (typically not primary anchor positions) of peptide epitope results in decreased binding affinity of the peptide for the peptide's corresponding HLA molecule.

Throughout this disclosure, results are expressed in terms of "IC<sub>50</sub>'s." IC<sub>50</sub> is the concentration of peptide in a binding assay at which 50% inhibition of binding of a reference peptide is observed. Given the conditions in which the assays are run (*i.e.*, limiting HLA proteins and labeled peptide concentrations), these values approximate K<sub>D</sub> values. It should be noted that IC<sub>50</sub> values can change, often dramatically, if the assay conditions are varied, and depending on the particular reagents used (*e.g.*, HLA preparation, *etc.*). For example, excessive concentrations of HLA molecules will increase the apparent measured IC<sub>50</sub> of a given ligand. Assays for determining binding are described in detail in PCT publications WO 94/20127 and WO 94/03205. Alternatively, binding is expressed relative to a reference peptide. As a particular assay becomes more, or less, sensitive, the IC<sub>50</sub>'s of the peptides tested may change somewhat. However, the binding relative to the reference peptide will not significantly change. For example, in an assay run under conditions such that the IC<sub>50</sub> of the reference peptide increases 10-fold, the IC<sub>50</sub> values of the test peptides will also shift approximately 10-fold. Therefore, to avoid ambiguities, the assessment of whether a peptide is a good, intermediate, weak, or negative binder is generally based on its IC<sub>50</sub>, relative to the IC<sub>50</sub> of a standard peptide.

As used herein, "high affinity" with respect to HLA class II molecules is defined as binding with an IC<sub>50</sub> or K<sub>D</sub> of less than 100 nM. "Intermediate affinity" is binding with an IC<sub>50</sub> or K<sub>D</sub> of between about 100 and about 1000 nM.

"Cross-reactive binding" indicates that a peptide is bound by more than one HLA molecule; a synonym is degenerate binding.

The phrases "isolated" or "biologically pure" refer to material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it as found in its native state. Thus, the peptides of this invention do not contain materials normally associated with their *in situ* environment, *e.g.*, MHC I molecules on antigen presenting cells. Even where a protein has been isolated to a homogenous or dominant band, there are trace contaminants in the range of 5-10% of native protein which co-purify with the desired



protein. Isolated peptides of this invention do not contain such endogenous co-purified protein.

The term "residue" refers to an amino acid or amino acid mimetic incorporated in an oligopeptide by an amide bond or amide bond mimetic.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 presents a map of the positive or negative effect of each of the 20 naturally occurring amino acids on DR4w4 binding capacity when occupying a particular position, relative to the main P1-P6 anchors.

Figure 2A presents a map of the positive or negative effect of each of the 20 naturally occurring amino acids on DR1 binding capacity when occupying a particular position, relative to the main P1-P6 anchors.

Figure 2B presents a map of the positive or negative effect of each of the 20 naturally occurring amino acids on DR7 binding capacity when occupying a particular position, relative to the main P1-P6 anchors.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for preventing, treating or diagnosing a number of pathological states such as viral, fungal, bacterial and parasitic diseases and cancers. In particular, it provides novel peptides capable of binding selected major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecules at an  $IC_{50}$  of less than or equal to 1000 nM and inducing an immune response.

Peptide binding to MHC molecules is determined by the allelic type of the MHC molecule and the amino acid sequence of the peptide. MHC class II-binding peptides usually contain within their sequence two conserved ("anchor") residues that interact with corresponding binding pockets in the MHC molecule. Specific combination of anchor residues (usually referred to as "MHC motifs") required for binding by several allelic forms of human MHC (HLA, histocompatibility leukocyte antigens) are described in International Applications WO 94/03205 and WO 94/20127. Definition of specific MHC motifs allows one to predict from the amino acid sequence of an individual protein, which peptides have the potential of being immunogenic for HTL. These applications describe methods for preparation and use of immunogenic peptides in the treatment of disease.

An affinity threshold strongly correlated with immunogenicity in the context of HLA class II DR molecules has been delineated as disclosed herein. In order to define a biologically significant threshold of DR binding affinity, a database of the binding affinities of 32 DR-restricted epitopes for their restricting element (*i.e.*, the HLA molecule that binds the motif) was compiled. In approximately half of the cases (15 of 32 epitopes), DR restriction was associated with high binding affinities, *i.e.* binding affinities of less than 100 nM. In the other half of the cases (16 of 32), DR restriction was associated with intermediate affinity (binding affinities in the 100-1000 nM range). In only one of 32 cases was DR restriction associated with an  $IC_{50}$  of 1000 nM or greater. Thus, 1000 nM, preferably 100 nM, can be defined as an affinity threshold associated with immunogenicity in the context of DR molecules.

The peptide epitopes described here can also be used in combination with peptide epitopes which induce a CTL response. See, also, WO 95/07077.

The peptide epitopes of the invention may also include analogs of the epitopes. Although the peptide epitopes may exhibit cross-reactive binding with multiple DR alleles, cross-reactivity is not always complete and in such cases procedures to further increase cross-reactivity of peptides can be useful; such procedures can also be used to modify other properties of the peptide epitopes. Having established the general rules that govern cross-reactivity of peptides for HLA alleles within a given motif or supermotif, modification (*i.e.*, analoging) of the structure of peptides of particular interest in order to achieve broader (or otherwise modified) HLA binding capacity can be performed. More specifically, peptides which exhibit the broadest cross-reactivity patterns, (both amongst the known T cell epitopes, as well as the more extended set of peptides that contain the appropriate supermotifs), can be produced in accordance with the teachings herein.

The strategy employed utilizes the motifs or supermotifs which correlate with binding to certain HLA molecules. The motifs or supermotifs are defined by having primary anchors, though secondary anchors can also be modified. Analog peptides can be created by substituting amino acids residues at primary anchor, secondary anchor, or at primary and secondary anchor positions. Generally, analogs are made for peptides that already bear a motif or supermotif. Preferred secondary anchor residues of supermotifs and motifs that have been defined for HLA class II binding peptides are shown in Table IX.

For a number of the motifs or supermotifs in accordance with the invention, residues are defined which are deleterious to binding to allele-specific HLA molecules or

members of HLA supertypes that bind to the respective motif or supermotif. Accordingly, removal of residues that are detrimental to binding can be performed in accordance with the present invention. For example, in the case of the A3 supertype, when all peptides that have such deleterious residues are removed from the population of analyzed peptides, the incidence of cross-reactivity increases from 22% to 37% (see, e.g., Sidney, J. *et al.*, *Hu. Immunol.* 45:79, 1996). Thus, one strategy to improve the cross-reactivity of peptides within a given supermotif is simply to delete one or more of the deleterious residues present within a peptide and substitute a small "neutral" residue such as Ala (that may not influence T cell recognition of the peptide). An enhanced likelihood of cross-reactivity is expected if, together with elimination of detrimental residues within a peptide, residues associated with high affinity binding to multiple alleles within a superfamily are inserted.

To ensure that changes in the native or original epitope recognized by T cells do not lead to a failure to elicit helper T cells that cross-react with the wild type peptides, the variant peptide may be used to immunize T cells *in vitro* from individuals of the appropriate HLA allele, and the cells' capacity to induce lysis of wild type peptide sensitized target cells is evaluated. In both class I and class II systems it will be desirable to use as targets, cells that have been either infected or transfected with the appropriate genes to establish whether endogenously produced antigen is also recognized by the relevant T cells.

Another embodiment of the invention to ensure adequate numbers of cross-reactive cellular binders is to create analogs of weak binding peptides. Class II peptides exhibiting binding affinities of above 1000 nM, and carrying an acceptable but suboptimal primary anchor residue at one or both positions can be "fixed" by substituting preferred anchor residues in accordance with the respective supertype. The analog peptides can then be tested for crossbinding activity.

Another embodiment for generating effective peptide analogs involves the substitution of residues that have an adverse impact on peptide stability or solubility in a liquid environment. This substitution may occur at any position of the peptide epitope. For example, a cysteine (C) can be substituted out in favor of  $\alpha$ -amino butyric acid. Due to its chemical nature, cysteine has the propensity to form disulfide bridges and sufficiently alter the peptide structurally so as to reduce binding capacity. Substituting  $\alpha$ -amino butyric acid for C not only alleviates this problem, but actually improves binding and crossbinding capability in certain instances (Review: A. Sette *et al.*, In: *Persistent Viral Infections*, Eds. R. Ahmed and I. Chen, John Wiley & Sons, England, in press, 1998). Substitution of cysteine

with  $\alpha$ -amino butyric acid may occur at any residue of a peptide epitope, i.e. at either anchor or non-anchor positions.

The DR-binding peptides of the present invention or nucleic acids encoding them can be administered to mammals, particularly humans, for prophylactic and/or therapeutic purposes. The DR peptide epitopes can be used to enhance immune responses against other immunogens administered with the peptides. For instance, CTL epitope/DR epitope mixtures may be used to treat and/or prevent viral infection and cancer. Alternatively, immunogens which induce antibody responses can be used. Examples of diseases which can be treated using the immunogenic mixtures of DR peptides and other immunogens include prostate cancer, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, AIDS, renal carcinoma, cervical carcinoma, lymphoma, CMV and condyloma acuminatum.

The DR-binding peptides or nucleic acids encoding them may also be used to treat a variety of conditions involving unwanted T cell reactivity. Examples of diseases which can be treated using DR-binding peptides include autoimmune diseases (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, and myasthenia gravis), allograft rejection, allergies (e.g., pollen allergies), lyme disease, hepatitis, LCMV, post-streptococcal endocarditis, or glomerulonephritis, and food hypersensitivities.

In therapeutic applications, the immunogenic compositions or the DR-binding peptides or nucleic acids of the invention are administered to an individual already suffering from cancer, autoimmune disease, or infected with the virus of interest. Those in the incubation phase or the acute phase of the disease may be treated with the DR-binding peptides or immunogenic conjugates separately or in conjunction with other treatments, as appropriate.

In therapeutic applications, compositions comprising immunogenic compositions are administered to a patient in an amount sufficient to cure or at least partially arrest the symptoms of the disease and its complications. An amount adequate to accomplish this is defined as "therapeutically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on, e.g., the peptide composition, the manner of administration, the stage and severity of the disease being treated, the weight and general state of health of the patient, and the judgment of the prescribing physician.

Therapeutically effective amounts of the immunogenic compositions of the present invention are in the general range of immunogenically effective dosages described below. These doses may be followed by boosting dosages pursuant to a boosting regimen

over weeks to months depending upon the patient's response and condition by measuring specific HTL activity in the patient's blood.

It must be kept in mind that the compositions of the present invention may generally be employed in serious disease states, that is, life-threatening or potentially life-threatening situations. In such cases, in view of the minimization of extraneous substances and the relative nontoxic nature of the conjugates, it is possible and may be felt desirable by the treating physician to administer substantial excesses of these compositions.

For prophylactic use, administration should be given to risk groups. For example, protection against malaria, hepatitis, or AIDS may be accomplished by prophylactically administering compositions of the invention, thereby increasing immune capacity. Therapeutic administration may begin at the first sign of disease or the detection or surgical removal of tumors or shortly after diagnosis in the case of acute infection. This is followed by boosting doses until at least symptoms are substantially abated and for a period thereafter. In chronic infection, loading doses followed by boosting doses may be required.

Treatment of an infected individual with the compositions of the invention may hasten resolution of the infection in acutely infected individuals. For those individuals susceptible (or predisposed) to developing chronic infection the compositions are particularly useful in methods for preventing the evolution from acute to chronic infection. Where the susceptible individuals are identified prior to or during infection, for instance, as described herein, the composition can be targeted to them, minimizing need for administration to a larger population.

The peptide mixtures or conjugates can also be used for the treatment of chronic infection and to stimulate the immune system to eliminate virus-infected cells in carriers. It is important to provide an amount of immuno-potentiating peptide in a formulation and mode of administration sufficient to effectively stimulate helper T cell response. Immunizing doses followed by boosting doses at established intervals, e.g., from one to four weeks, may be required, possibly for a prolonged period of time to effectively immunize an individual. In the case of chronic infection, administration should continue until at least clinical symptoms or laboratory tests indicate that the viral infection has been eliminated or substantially abated and for a period thereafter.

The pharmaceutical compositions for therapeutic or prophylactic treatment are intended for parenteral, topical, oral or local administration. Typically, the pharmaceutical compositions are administered parenterally, e.g., intravenously, intrathecally,

subcutaneously, intradermally, or intramuscularly. Because of the ease of administration, the vaccine compositions of the invention are particularly suitable for oral administration. Thus, the invention provides compositions for parenteral administration which comprise a solution of the peptides or conjugates dissolved or suspended in an acceptable carrier, preferably an aqueous carrier. A variety of aqueous carriers may be used, e.g., water, buffered water, 0.9% saline, 0.3% glycine, hyaluronic acid and the like. These compositions may be sterilized by conventional, well known sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered. The resulting aqueous solutions may be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile solution prior to administration. The compositions may contain pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary substances as required to approximate physiological conditions, such as pH adjusting and buffering agents, tonicity adjusting agents, wetting agents and the like, for example, sodium acetate, sodium lactate, sodium chloride, potassium chloride, calcium chloride, sorbitan monolaurate, triethanolamine oleate, etc.

The concentration of DR and/or CTL stimulatory peptides of the invention in the pharmaceutical formulations can vary widely, i.e., from less than about 0.1%, usually at or at least about 2% to as much as 20% to 50% or more by weight, and will be selected primarily by fluid volumes, viscosities, etc., in accordance with the particular mode of administration selected.

The peptides or conjugates of the invention may also be administered via liposomes, which serve to target the conjugates to a particular tissue, such as lymphoid tissue, or targeted selectively to infected cells, as well as increase the half-life of the peptide composition. Liposomes include emulsions, foams, micelles, insoluble monolayers, liquid crystals, phospholipid dispersions, lamellar layers and the like. In these preparations the peptide to be delivered is incorporated as part of a liposome, alone or in conjunction with a molecule which binds to, e.g., a receptor prevalent among lymphoid cells, such as monoclonal antibodies which bind to the CD45 antigen, or with other therapeutic or immunogenic compositions. Thus, liposomes filled with a desired peptide or conjugate of the invention can be directed to the site of lymphoid cells, where the liposomes then deliver the selected therapeutic/immunogenic peptide compositions. Liposomes for use in the invention are formed from standard vesicle-forming lipids, which generally include neutral and negatively charged phospholipids and a sterol, such as cholesterol. The selection of lipids is generally guided by consideration of, e.g., liposome size, acid lability and stability

of the liposomes in the blood stream. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka, *et al.*, *Ann. Rev. Biophys. Bioeng.* 9, 467 (1980), U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728, 4,837,028, and 5,019,369, incorporated herein by reference.

For targeting to the immune cells, a ligand to be incorporated into the liposome can include, e.g., antibodies or fragments thereof specific for cell surface determinants of the desired immune system cells. A liposome suspension containing a peptide or conjugate may be administered intravenously, locally, topically, etc. in a dose which varies according to, inter alia, the manner of administration, the conjugate being delivered, and the stage of the disease being treated.

Alternatively, DNA or RNA encoding one or more DR peptides (and optionally, a polypeptide containing one or more CTL epitopes or antibody inducing epitopes) may be introduced into patients to obtain an immune response to the polypeptides which the nucleic acid encodes. This approach is described, for instance, in Wolff *et al.*, *Science* 247:1465 (1990) as well as U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859; 5,589,466; 5,804,566; 5,739,118; 5,736,524; 5,679,647; WO 98/04720; and in more detail below. Examples of DNA-based delivery technologies include "naked DNA", facilitated (bupivacaine, polymers, peptide-mediated) delivery, cationic lipid complexes, and particle-mediated ("gene gun") delivery.

A preferred means of administering nucleic acids encoding the peptides of the invention uses minigene constructs encoding one or multiple epitopes of the invention. The use of multi-epitope minigenes is described below and in, e.g. An, L. and Whitton, J. L., *J. Virol.* 71:2292, 1997; Thomson, S. A. *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* 157:822, 1996; Whitton, J. L. *et al.*, *J. Virol.* 67:348, 1993; Hanke, R. *et al.*, *Vaccine* 16:426, 1998. For example, a multi-epitope DNA plasmid encoding nine dominant HLA-A\*0201- and A11-restricted epitopes derived from the polymerase, envelope, and core proteins of HBV and HIV, the PADRE™ universal helper T cell (HTL) epitope, and an ER-translocating signal sequence was engineered. Immunization of HLA transgenic mice with this plasmid construct resulted in strong CTL induction responses against the nine epitopes tested, similar to those observed with a lipopeptide of known immunogenicity in humans, and significantly greater than immunization in oil-based adjuvants. Moreover, the immunogenicity of DNA-encoded epitopes *in vivo* correlated with the *in vitro* responses of specific CTL lines against target cells transfected with the DNA plasmid.

For example, to create a DNA sequence encoding the selected epitopes (minigene) for expression in human cells, the amino acid sequences of the epitopes may be reverse translated. A human codon usage table can be used to guide the codon choice for each amino acid. These epitope-encoding DNA sequences may be directly adjoined, so that when translated, a continuous polypeptide sequence is created. To optimize expression and/or immunogenicity, additional elements can be incorporated into the minigene design. Examples of amino acid sequences that could be reverse translated and included in the minigene sequence include: HLA class I epitopes, HLA class II epitopes, a ubiquitination signal sequence, a leader sequence, and/or an endoplasmic reticulum targeting signal. In addition, HLA presentation of CTL and HTL epitopes may be improved by including synthetic (*e.g.* poly-alanine) or naturally-occurring flanking sequences adjacent to the CTL or HTL epitopes.

The minigene sequence may be converted to DNA by assembling oligonucleotides that encode the plus and minus strands of the minigene. Overlapping oligonucleotides (30-100 bases long) may be synthesized, phosphorylated, purified and annealed under appropriate conditions using well known techniques. The ends of the oligonucleotides can be joined, for example, using T4 DNA ligase. This synthetic minigene, encoding the epitope polypeptide, can then be cloned into a desired expression vector.

Standard regulatory sequences well known to those of skill in the art are preferably included in the vector to ensure expression in the target cells. Several vector elements are desirable: a promoter with a down-stream cloning site for minigene insertion; a polyadenylation signal for efficient transcription termination; an *E. coli* origin of replication; and an *E. coli* selectable marker (*e.g.* ampicillin or kanamycin resistance). Numerous promoters can be used for this purpose, *e.g.*, the human cytomegalovirus (hCMV) promoter. *See, e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,580,859 and 5,589,466 for other suitable promoter sequences.

Additional vector modifications may be desired to optimize minigene expression and immunogenicity. In some cases, introns are required for efficient gene expression, and one or more synthetic or naturally-occurring introns could be incorporated into the transcribed region of the minigene. The inclusion of mRNA stabilization sequences and sequences for replication in mammalian cells may also be considered for increasing minigene expression.

Once an expression vector is selected, the minigene is cloned into the polylinker region downstream of the promoter. This plasmid is transformed into an



appropriate *E. coli* strain, and DNA is prepared using standard techniques. The orientation and DNA sequence of the minigene, as well as all other elements included in the vector, are confirmed using restriction mapping and DNA sequence analysis. Bacterial cells harboring the correct plasmid can be stored as a master cell bank and a working cell bank.

In addition, immunostimulatory sequences (ISSs or CpGs) appear to play a role in the immunogenicity of DNA vaccines. These sequences may be included in the vector, outside the minigene coding sequence, if desired to enhance immunogenicity.

In some embodiments, a bi-cistronic expression vector which allows production of both the minigene-encoded epitopes and a second protein (included to enhance or decrease immunogenicity) can be used. Examples of proteins or polypeptides that could beneficially enhance the immune response if co-expressed include cytokines (e.g., IL-2, IL-12, GM-CSF), cytokine-inducing molecules (e.g., LeIF) or costimulatory molecules. Helper (HTL) epitopes can be joined to intracellular targeting signals and expressed separately from expressed CTL epitopes; this allows direction of the HTL epitopes to a cell compartment different than that of the CTL epitopes. If required, this could facilitate more efficient entry of HTL epitopes into the HLA class II pathway, thereby improving CTL induction. In contrast to HTL or CTL induction, specifically decreasing the immune response by co-expression of immunosuppressive molecules (e.g. TGF- $\beta$ ) may be beneficial in certain diseases).

Therapeutic quantities of plasmid DNA can be produced for example, by fermentation in *E. coli*, followed by purification. Aliquots from the working cell bank are used to inoculate growth medium, and grown to saturation in shaker flasks or a bioreactor according to well known techniques. Plasmid DNA can be purified using standard bioseparation technologies such as solid phase anion-exchange resins supplied by QIAGEN, Inc. (Valencia, California). If required, supercoiled DNA can be isolated from the open circular and linear forms using gel electrophoresis or other methods.

Purified plasmid DNA can be prepared for injection using a variety of formulations. The simplest of these is reconstitution of lyophilized DNA in sterile phosphate-buffer saline (PBS). This approach, known as "naked DNA," is currently being used for intramuscular (IM) administration in clinical trials. To maximize the immunotherapeutic effects of minigene DNA vaccines, an alternative method for formulating purified plasmid DNA may be desirable. A variety of methods have been described, and new techniques may become available. Cationic lipids can also be used in the

formulation (*see, e.g.*, as described by WO 93/24640; Mannino & Gould-Fogerite, *BioTechniques* 6(7): 682 (1988); U.S. Pat No. 5,279,833; WO 91/06309; and Felgner, *et al.*, *Proc. Nat'l Acad. Sci. USA* 84:7413 (1987). In addition, glycolipids, fusogenic liposomes, peptides and compounds referred to collectively as protective, interactive, non-condensing (PINC) could also be complexed to purified plasmid DNA to influence variables such as stability, intramuscular dispersion, or trafficking to specific organs or cell types.

*In vitro* assays can be used as functional assays for expression of HTL epitopes. For example, the plasmid DNA is introduced into a mammalian cell line that is a suitable presenter of HTL epitopes. The transfection method used will be dependent on the final formulation. Electroporation can be used for "naked" DNA, whereas cationic lipids allow direct *in vitro* transfection. A plasmid expressing green fluorescent protein (GFP) can be co-transfected to allow enrichment of transfected cells using fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS). The cells may then be assayed for the ability to elicit an HTL response using methods known in the art (*see, e.g.*, Alexander *et al.*, *Immunity* 1:751-761, 1994)

*In vivo* immunogenicity is a second approach for functional testing of minigene DNA formulations which include both CTL and HTL epitopes. Transgenic mice expressing appropriate human HLA proteins are immunized with the DNA product. The dose and route of administration are formulation dependent (*e.g.*, IM for DNA in PBS, IP for lipid-complexed DNA). Twenty-one days after immunization, splenocytes are harvested and restimulated for 1 week in the presence of peptides encoding each epitope being tested. For CTL effector cells, assays are conducted for cytolysis of peptide-loaded, chromium-51 labeled target cells using standard techniques. Lysis of target cells sensitized by HLA loading of peptides corresponding to minigene-encoded epitopes demonstrates DNA vaccine function for *in vivo* induction of CTLs.

Alternatively, the nucleic acids can be administered using ballistic delivery as described, for instance, in U.S. Patent No. 5,204,253. Using this technique, particles comprised solely of DNA are administered. In a further alternative embodiment, DNA can be adhered to particles, such as gold particles.

For solid compositions, conventional nontoxic solid carriers may be used which include, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharin, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, magnesium carbonate, and the like. For oral administration, a pharmaceutically acceptable nontoxic composition is formed by incorporating any of the normally employed excipients, such as those carriers

previously listed, and generally 10-95% of active ingredient, that is, one or more conjugates of the invention, and more preferably at a concentration of 25%-75%.

For aerosol administration, the peptides are preferably supplied in finely divided form along with a surfactant and propellant. Typical percentages of conjugates are 0.01%-20% by weight, preferably 1%-10%. The surfactant must, of course, be nontoxic, and preferably soluble in the propellant. Representative of such agents are the esters or partial esters of fatty acids containing from 6 to 22 carbon atoms, such as caproic, octanoic, lauric, palmitic, stearic, linoleic, linolenic, olesteric and oleic acids with an aliphatic polyhydric alcohol or its cyclic anhydride. Mixed esters, such as mixed or natural glycerides may be employed. The surfactant may constitute 0.1%-20% by weight of the composition, preferably 0.25-5%. The balance of the composition is ordinarily propellant. A carrier can also be included, as desired, as with, e.g., lecithin for intranasal delivery.

In another aspect the present invention is directed to vaccines which contain as an active ingredient an immunogenically effective amount of an immunogenic DR peptide or a CTL\DR peptide conjugate or nucleic acid encoding them as described herein. The conjugate(s) may be introduced into a host, including humans, linked to its own carrier or as a homopolymer or heteropolymer of active peptide units. Such a polymer has the advantage of increased immunological reaction and, where different peptides are used to make up the polymer, the additional ability to induce antibodies and/or CTLs that react with different antigenic determinants of the virus or tumor cells. Useful carriers are well known in the art, and include, e.g., thyroglobulin, albumins such as bovine serum albumin, tetanus toxoid, polyamino acids such as poly(lysine:glutamic acid), hepatitis B virus core protein, hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. The vaccines can also contain a physiologically tolerable (acceptable) diluent such as water, phosphate buffered saline, or saline, and further typically include an adjuvant. Adjuvants such as incomplete Freund's adjuvant, aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide, or alum are materials well known in the art. And, as mentioned above, CTL responses can be primed by conjugating peptides of the invention to lipids, such as P<sub>3</sub>CSS. Upon immunization with a peptide composition as described herein, via injection, aerosol, oral, transdermal or other route, the immune system of the host responds to the vaccine by producing large amounts of CTLs and/or HTLs specific for the desired antigen, and the host becomes at least partially immune to later infection, or resistant to developing chronic infection.

Vaccine compositions containing the DR peptides of the invention are administered to a patient susceptible to or otherwise at risk of disease, such as viral infection or cancer in an amount that will elicit an immune response against the antigen and thus enhance the patient's own immune response capabilities.

A therapeutically effective amount and an amount used for vaccine of a peptide disclosed herein is defined to be an "immunogenically effective dose." In this use, the precise amounts again depend on the patient's state of health and weight, the mode of administration, the nature of the formulation, etc., but generally occur in a unit dosage range where the lower value is about 1, 5, 50, 500, or 1000  $\mu\text{g}$  and the higher value is about 10,000; 20,000; 30,000; or 50,000  $\mu\text{g}$ . Dosage values for a human typically range from about 500  $\mu\text{g}$  to about 50,000  $\mu\text{g}$  per 70 kilogram patient.

In some instances it may be desirable to combine the peptide vaccines of the invention with vaccines which induce neutralizing antibody responses to the virus of interest, particularly to viral envelope antigens. For instance, PADRE peptides can be combined with hepatitis vaccines to increase potency or broaden population coverage. Suitable hepatitis vaccines that can be used in this manner include, Recombivax HB® (Merck) and Engerix-B (Smith-Kline).

For therapeutic or immunization purposes, the peptides of the invention can also be expressed by attenuated viral hosts, such as vaccinia or fowlpox. This approach involves the use of vaccinia virus as a vector to express nucleotide sequences that encode the peptides of the invention. Upon introduction into an acutely or chronically infected host or into a non-infected host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic peptide, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. Vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols are described in, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference. Another vector is BCG (Bacille Calmette Guerin). BCG vectors are described in Stover *et al.*, *Nature* 351, 456-460 (1991)) which is incorporated herein by reference. A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization of the peptides of the invention, e.g., Salmonella typhi vectors and the like, will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the description herein.

The peptide epitopes of the invention may be administered to antigen presenting cells (APCs), preferably dendritic cells, *ex vivo*, as well. In a preferred embodiment, responses to a particular pathogen (infectious agent or tumor antigen) are induced by pulsing APCs with the peptide epitope and subsequently administering the pulsed

APC, wherein the cells then present the peptide *in vivo*. The pulsed APCs may be administered *in vivo* as described above for the peptides.

Peptides epitopes of the invention may also be used in conjunction with CTL epitopes to elicit CTL *ex vivo* as well. The resulting CTL can be used to treat infections or tumors. *Ex vivo* CTL responses to a particular pathogen are induced by incubating in tissue culture the patient's CTL precursor cells together with a source of antigen-presenting cells and the appropriate immunogenic peptide epitopes. After an appropriate incubation time \*typically 1-4 weeks) in which the CTL precursor cells are activated and expanded into effector CTL, the cells are infused back into the patient, where they will destroy their specific target cell (an infected cell or a tumor cell).

The peptides of this invention may also be used to make monoclonal antibodies. Such antibodies may be useful as potential diagnostic or therapeutic agents.

The peptides may also find use as diagnostic reagents. For example, a peptide of the invention may be used to determine the susceptibility of a particular individual to a treatment regimen which employs the peptide or related peptides, and thus may be helpful in modifying an existing treatment protocol or in determining a prognosis for an affected individual. In addition, the peptides may also be used to predict which individuals will be at substantial risk for developing chronic infection.

#### Examples

##### Materials and Methods

Cells. The following Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) transformed homozygous cell lines were used as sources of human HLA class II molecules: LG2 [DRB1c0101 (DR1)1]; GM3107 [DRB50101 (DR2w2a)]; MAT (DRB10301 (DR3)1); PREISS [DRB10401 (DR4w4)1]; BIN40 [DRB10404 (DR4w14)1]; SWEIG [DRB11101 (DR5w11)]; PITOUT [DRB10701 (DR7)] (a); KT3 [DRB10405 (DR4w15)]; Herluf [DRB11201 (DR5w12)]; HO301 [DRB11302 (DR6w19)]; OLL [DRB10802 (DR8w2)]; and HTC9074 [DRB10901 (DR9)], supplied as a kind gift by Dr. Paul Harris, Columbia University]. In some instances, transfected fibroblasts were used: L466.1 [DRB11501 (DR2w2b)]; TR81.19 [DRB30101 (DR52a)]; and L257.6 [DRB40101 (DRw53)]. (Valli, *et al. J. Clin. Invest.* 91:616 (1993). Cells were maintained *in vitro* by culture in RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 2mM L-glutamine [GIBCO, Grand Island, NY], 50µM 2-ME, and 10% heat-inactivated FCS [Irvine Scientific, Santa Ana, CA]. Cells were also supplemented with 100 µg/ml of

streptomycin and 100U/ml of penicillin [Irvine Scientific]. Large quantities of cells were grown in spinner cultures.

Cells were lysed at a concentration of  $10^8$  cells/ml in PBS containing 1% NP-40 [Fluka Biochemika, Buchs, Switzerland], 1mM PMSF [CalBioChem, La Jolla, CA], 5mM Na-orthovanadate, and 25mM iodoacetamide [Sigma Chemical, St. Louis, Mo]. The lysates were cleared of debris and nuclei by centrifugation at  $10,000 \times g$  for 20 min.

Affinity purification of HLA-DR molecules. Class II molecules were purified by affinity chromatography as previously described (Sette, *et al. J. Immunol.* 142:35 (1989) and Gorga, *et al. J. Biol. Chem.* 262:16087 (1987)) using the mAb LB3.1 coupled to Sepharose 4B beads. Lysates were filtered through 0.8 and 0.4  $\mu$ M filters and then passed over the anti-DR column, which were then washed with 15-column volumes of 10mM TRIS in 1% NP-40, PBS and 2-column volumes of PBS containing 0.4% n-octylglucoside. Finally, the DR was eluted with 50mM diethylamine in 0.15M NaCl containing 0.4% n-octylglucoside, pH 11.5. A 1/25 volume of 2.0M Tris, pH 6.8, was added to the eluate to reduce the pH to ~8.0, and then concentrated by centrifugation in Centriprep 30 concentrators at 2000 rpm (Amicon, Beverly, MA).

Class II peptide-binding assays. A panel of 13 different specific DR-peptide assays were utilized in the present study. These assays were chosen as to be representative of the most common DR alleles. Table I lists for each DR antigen, the representative allelic product utilized, the cell line utilized as a source of DR, and the radiolabeled probe utilized in the assay. Purified human class II molecules [5 to 500 nM] were incubated with various unlabeled peptide inhibitors and 1-10 nM  $^{125}$ I-radiolabeled probe peptides for 48h in PBS containing 5% DMSO in the presence of a protease inhibitor cocktail. The radiolabeled probes used were HA Y307-319 (DR1), Tetanus Toxoid[TT] 830-843 (DR2w2a, DR5w111, DR7, DR8w2, DR8w3, DR9), MBP Y85-100 (DR2w2b), TT1272-1284 (DR52a), MT 65 kD Y3-13 with Y7 substituted with F for DR3, a non-natural peptide with the sequence YARFQSQTTLKQKT (DR4w4, DR4w15, DRw53) (Valli, *et al. supra*), and for DR5w12, a naturally processed peptide eluted from the cell line C1R, EALIHQLINPYVLS (DR5w12) and 650.22 peptide, (TT 830-843 A @ S836 analog), for DR6w19.

Radiolabeled peptides were iodinated using the chloramine-T method. Peptide inhibitors were typically tested at concentrations ranging from 1201  $\mu$ g/ml to 1.2 ng/ml. The data were then plotted and the dose yielding 50% inhibition (IC<sub>50</sub>) was measured. In appropriate stoichiometric conditions, the IC<sub>50</sub> of an unlabeled test peptide to

the purified DR is a reasonable approximation of the affinity of interaction ( $K_d$ ). Peptides were tested in two to four completely independent experiments. The final concentrations of protease inhibitors were: 1mM PMSF, 1.3nM 1.10 phenanthroline, 73  $\mu$ M pepstatin A, 8mM EDTA, and 200  $\mu$ M N alpha-p-tosyl-L-lysine chloromethyl ketone (TLCK) [All protease inhibitors from CalBioChem, La Jolla, CA]. Final detergent concentration in the incubation mixture was 0.05% Nonidet P-40. Assays were performed at pH 7.0 with the exception of DR3, which was performed at pH 4.5, and DRw53, which was performed at pH 5.0. The pH was adjusted as previously described (Sette, *et al. J. Immunol.* 148:844 (1992)).

Class II peptide complexes were separated from free peptide by gel filtration on TSK2000 columns (TosoHaas 16215, Montgomeryville, PA), and the fraction of bound peptide calculated as previously described (Sette, *et al.*, (1989) *supra*). In preliminary experiments, the DR prep was titrated in the presence of fixed amounts of radiolabeled peptides to determine the concentration of class II molecules necessary to bind 10-20% of the total radioactivity. All subsequent inhibition and direct binding assays were the performed using these class II concentrations.

DRB1 specificity of DR4w15, DR6w19, DR8w2, DR8w3, and DR9 assays.

Because the antibody used for purification is  $\alpha$ -chain specific,  $\beta$ 1 molecules are not separated from  $\beta$ 3 (and/or  $\beta$ 4 and  $\beta$ 5) molecules. Development and validation of assays in regard with DR $\beta$  chain specificity has been described in detail elsewhere for many of the DR alleles listed above (108). Herein we describe for the first time DR4w15, DR6w19, DR8w2, DR8w3, and DR9 assays. Experiments addressing the  $\beta$  chain specificity of these new assays are described in the present section.

DR4w15. The  $\beta$ 4 product DRw53 is co-expressed with DR4w15 and the determination of the specificity of the DR4w15 binding assay is complicated in that the same radiolabeled ligand is used for both the DR4w15 and DRw53 binding assays. Since typically  $\beta$ 1 chains are expressed at 5-10 fold higher levels than other  $\beta$  chains, and all binding assays are performed utilizing limiting DR amounts, it would be predicted that the dominant specificity detected in the assay would be DR4w15. To verify that this was indeed the case, the binding pattern of a panel of 58 different synthetic peptides in the putative DR4w15 specific assay with that obtained in a DRw53 specific assay (which uses a DRw53 fibroblast as the source of class II molecules). Two very distinct binding patterns were noted, and in

several instances, a peptide bound to one DR molecule with high affinity, and did not bind to the other (data not shown).

**DR6w19.** The DR6w19 assay utilizes as the source of class II molecules the EBV transformed homozygous cell line H0301, which co-expresses DRB30301 (DR52a). While the radiolabeled ligand used in the DR6w19 assay is different than that used for the DR52a assay, the ligand is related (i.e., is a single substitution analog) to a high affinity DR52a binder. As was done in the case of DR4w15, the specificity of the assay was investigated by analyzing the binding capacity of a panel of naturally occurring peptides for DR6w19 and DR52a. The two assays demonstrated completely different binding specificities. For example, in terms of relative binding, TT 1272-1284 binds 63-fold better in the DR52a assay than in the DR6w19 assay. Conversely, the Invariant chain peptide binds 189-fold better in the DR6w19 assay. In conclusion, these data demonstrated that the binding of the radiolabeled peptide 650.22 to purified class II MHC from the H0301 cell line is specific for DR6w19.

**DR8w2 and DR8w3.** The  $\beta 1$  specificity of the DR8w2 and DR8w3 assays is obvious in that no  $\beta 3$  (and/or B4 and  $\beta 5$ ) molecule is expressed.

**DR9.** The specificity of DR9 assay is inferred from previous studies which have shown that the TT 830-843 radiolabeled probe peptide does not bind to DRw53 molecules (Alexander, *et al.*, *Immunity* 1:751 (1994)).

## Results

DR binding affinity of antigenic peptides recognized by DR restricted T cells

To define a threshold DR binding affinity, to be considered as biologically significant, we compiled the affinities of a panel of 32 reported instances of DR restriction of a given T cell epitope. In approximately half of the cases, DR restriction was associated with affinities of less than 100 nM, and in the other half of the instances, with IC50% in the 100-1000 nM range. Only in 1 out of 32 cases (3.1%) DR restriction was associated with IC50% of 1000 nM or greater. It was noted that this distribution of affinities differs from what was previously reported for HLA class I epitopes, where a vast majority of epitopes bound with IC50% of 50 nM or less (Sette, *et al.*, *Jl*, 1994). This relatively lower affinity of class II restricted epitope interactions might explain why activation of class II restricted T cells in general requires more antigen relative to class I restricted T cells.



In conclusion, this analysis suggested that 1000 nM may be defined as an affinity threshold associated with immunogenicity in the context of DR molecules, and for this reason a suitable target for our studies.

P1 and P6 anchors are necessary but not sufficient for DRB10401 binding

Several independent studies have pointed to a crucial role in DRB10401 binding of a large aromatic or hydrophobic residue in position 1, near the N-terminus of the peptide and of a 9-residue core region (residues 1 through 9). In addition, an important role has been demonstrated for the residue in position six (P6) of this 9-residues core region. Short and/or hydrophobic residues were in general preferred in this position (O'Sullivan, *et al.*, JI 147:2663, 1991; Sette, *et al.*, JI 151:3163, 1993; Hammer, *et al.*, Cell 74:197, 1993 and Marshall, *et al.*, JI 154:5927, 1995).

In the present set of experiments, a library of 384 peptides was analyzed for DRB10401 binding capacity and screened for the presence of the P1-P6 motif (that is, F, W, Y, L, I, V or M in P1 and S, T, C, A, P, V, I, L or M in P6, at least 9 residues apart from the peptide C-terminus. This set of 384 peptides contained a total of 80 DR4w4 binders (specifically 27 good binders [IC50 of 100 nM or less], and 53 intermediate binders [IC50 of the 100-1000 range]. Seventy-seven out of the 80 DR4w4 binders (96%) carried the P1-P6 motif. However, it should be noted that most non-DR4w4 binding peptides also contained the P1-P6 motif. Of 384 peptides included in our database, only 125 were "P1-P6 negative." Only three of them (6%) bound appreciably to purified DR4w4 as opposed to 77/259 (30%) of the "P1-P6 positive" peptides. Therefore, these results demonstrate that presence of suitable P1 and P6 anchors are necessary but not sufficient for DRB10401 binding.

A detailed map of DRB10401 peptide interactions

Next, for each P1-P6 aligned core region, in analogy with what the strategy previously utilized to detail peptide class I interactions the average binding affinity of peptides carrying a particular residue, relative to the remainder of the group, were calculated for each position. Following this method a table of average relative binding (ARB) values was compiled. This table also represents a map of the positive or negative effect of each of the 20 naturally occurring amino acids on DRB10401 binding capacity when occupying a particular position, relative to the main P1-P6 anchors (Figure 1).

Variations in ARB values greater than four fold ( $ARB \geq 4$  or  $\leq 0.25$ ) were arbitrarily considered significant and indicative of secondary effects of a given residue on

DR-peptide interactions. Most secondary effects were associated with positions 4, 7, and 9. These positions correspond to secondary anchors engaging shallow pockets on the DR molecule. In addition, significant secondary effects were detected for M in position 3 (ARB = 12.8) T in position 3 (ARB = 4.34) and I in position 5 (ARB = 4.4).

#### Development of a DRB10401 specific algorithm

Next, the ARB table was utilized to develop a DRB10401 specific algorithm. In order to predict 0401 binding propensity, each aligned P1-P6 sequence was scored by multiplying, for each position, the ARB value of the appropriate amino acid. According to this procedure, a numerical "algorithm score" was derived. If multiple P1-P6 alignments were possible, binding scores were calculated for each one and the best score was selected. The efficacy of this method in predicting 0401 binding capacity is shown in Table IIa.

Considering only peptides with algorithm scores above -17.00 narrowed the set of predicted peptides to 156. This set still contained 72 out of 80 (90%) of the total high or intermediate DR binders. Raising the cut-off to an algorithm score of -16.44 or higher still allowed identification of 60 out of 80 (75%) of the DR4w4 binding peptides. Of the whole 107 peptide set, twenty-five of them were either good or intermediate binders. In other words, as expected, increasing the algorithm score stringency predicted a smaller fraction of the total binders present in the set, but at the same time less false positive peptides were identified.

#### Blind test of the predictive power of the DRB10401 specific algorithm

To verify that the predictive capacity of our algorithm was not merely a reflection of having utilized the same data set to test and define the algorithm itself, we further examined its efficacy in a blind prediction test. For this scope we utilized data from an independent set of 50 peptides, whose binding affinities were known, but that had not been utilized in the derivation of the algorithm. As shown in Table IIb, the algorithm was effective in predicting DR4w4 binding capacity of this independent peptide set. The algorithm score of -17.00 identified a total 18 peptides. This set contained 3/3 (100%) of all good binders, and 8/11 (70%) of all intermediate binders in the entire test set of 50 peptides. Increasing the cut-off value to -16.44, identified a set of nine peptides. Seven of them (78%) were either good or intermediate binders. This set contained 7 out of 14 (50%) of the

binders contained in the blind prediction peptide set. In conclusion, these data supports the validity of the DR4w4 specific algorithm described above.

Detailed maps of DRB10401, DRB10101, and DRB10701 peptide binding specificities

Next, we analyzed the binding to purified DR1 and DR7 molecules for the same set of 384 peptides utilized to define the DR4w4 algorithm. It was found that this set contained 120 and 59 binders for the DR1 and DR7 alleles, respectively. A total of 158 peptides were capable of binding either DR1, DR4w4 or DR7. A large fraction of them (73/158; 46%) were also degenerate binders, which bound two or more of the three alleles thus far considered. Furthermore, we also found that more than 90% of the DR1 or DR7 good and intermediate binders carried the P1-P6 motif. Most importantly, 72 out of 73 (99%) degenerate DR binders carried this motif (data not shown). In conclusion, this analysis suggests that P1-P6 based algorithms might be utilized to effectively predict degenerate DR binders.

In analogy with what was described above for DR4w4 molecules, specific algorithms were designed for the DR1 and DR7 alleles. Figures 2A and 2B detail the allele specific maps defined according to this method.

As in the case of DRB10401, most secondary effects were concentrated in positions 4, 7 and 9. Position 4 was especially prominent in the case of DR1, while position 7 was the most prominent secondary anchor for DR7. Specific algorithms were developed based on these maps, and it was found that the cut-off values necessary to predict 75% or 90% of the binders were -19.32 and -20.28 for DR1, and 20.91 and -21.63 for DR7, respectively. Depending on the particular allele or cut off value selected, 40 to 60% of the predicted peptides were in fact good or intermediate binders (data not shown).

#### Development of a DR1-4-7 combined algorithm

Finally, we examined whether a combined algorithm would allow to predict degenerate binders. For this purpose, the sequences of the 384 peptides in our database were simultaneously screened with the three (DR1, 4w4, and 7) specific algorithms. It was found that an even 100 peptides were predicted (using the 75% cut off) to bind either two or three of the alleles considered. This set contained 59 out of 73 (81%) of the peptides which were in fact capable of degenerate 1-4-7 binding (defined as the capacity to bind to more than one of the DR1, 4w4 or 7 alleles) (Table III).

Definition of a target set of DR specificities, representative of the world population

The data presented in the preceding sections illustrates how peptides capable of binding multiple DR alleles can be identified by the use of a combined "1-4-7" algorithm. Next, we wished to examine whether the peptides exhibiting degenerate 1-4-7 binding behavior would also bind other common DR types as well. As a first step in our experimental strategy, we sought to define a set of target DR types representative of a large (~ 80%) fraction of the world population, irrespective of the ethnic population of origin. For this purpose, seven additional DR antigens were considered. For each one of the DR antigens considered in this study, (including DR1, 4 and 7), the estimated frequency in various ethnicities, according to the most recent HLA workshop (11th, 1991) is shown in Table IVa, together with the main subtypes thus far identified.

For the purpose of measuring peptide binding affinity to the various DR molecules, one representative subtype for each DR antigen was chosen (Table I). It should be noted that for most antigens, either one subtype is by far the most abundant, or alternatively a significant degree of similarity in the binding pattern displayed by the different, most abundant subtypes of each DR antigen is likely to exist (see comments column of Table IVb). One exception to this general trend is represented by the DR4 antigen, for which significant differences in peptide specificity between the 0401 and 0405 have been reported. Since both alleles are quite frequent (in Caucasians and Orientals, respectively) we included both DR 0401 and 0405 in the set of representative DR binding assays.

Our set of representative assays is mostly focused on allelic products of the gene, because these molecules appear to be the most abundantly expressed, serve as the dominant restricting element of most human class III responses analyzed thus far, and accurate methods for serologic and DNA typing most readily available. However, we have also considered in our analysis assays representative of DRB3/4/5 molecules (Table IVc). These molecules serve as a functional restriction element, and their peptide binding specificity has been previously shown to have certain similarities to the specificity of several common DR $\beta$ , allelic products.

A general strategy for prediction of DR-degenerate binders.

To test whether the 1-4-7 combined algorithm would also predict degenerate binding to other common DR types, we measured the capacity of three different groups of synthetic peptides to bind the panel of purified HLA DR molecules. The three different peptide sets were: A) 36 peptides which did not score positive in the combined 1-4-7 algorithm (non-predictions), B) 36 peptides which did score positive for the 1-4-7 algorithm, at the 75% cut off level, but had been found upon actual testing not to be degenerate 1-4-7 binders ("wrong" predictions), and C) 29 peptides which scored positive in the 1-4-7 algorithm, and also proved upon experimental testing, to be actual 1-4-7 degenerate binders (correct predictions). The results of this analysis are shown in Table V.

Within the set of "non-predictions" peptides (Table Va) only 3 out of 34 (9%) bound at least two of the DR1, 4w4 or 7 molecules. Interestingly, 2 (1136.04 and 1136.29) out of 3 of these peptides were also rather crossreactive, and bound additional DR types (DR2w2  $\beta$ 2, DR4w15, 5w11 and 8w2 in the case of 1136.04, and 2w2  $\beta$ 2, 4w15, 9 and 5w12 in the case of 1136.29). Peptides from the "wrong predictions" peptide set (Table V5), by definition bound at the most only one of the DR1, 4w4 or DR7 molecules, and were also poorly degenerate or other DR types with only two peptides (1136.22 and 1188.35) binding a total of three DR molecules. Within this peptide set, no peptide bound four or more of the DR molecules tested (data not shown).

These results are contrasted by data obtained with the peptide set corresponding to peptides which were first predicted by the use of the combined 1, 4, 7 algorithm, and then experimentally found to be degenerate DR1-4-7 binding. Fourteen out of 29 peptides tested (48%) bound a total of five or more alleles. Four of them were remarkably degenerate (1188.16, 1188.32, 1188.34 and F107.09) and bound a total of nine out of the 11 DR molecules tested. In conclusion, these results suggest that a strategy based on the sequential use of a combined DR1, 4, 7 algorithm and quantitative DR1, 4, 7 binding assays can be utilized to identify broadly crossreactive DR binding peptides.

#### Definition of the HLA-DR 1-4-7 supertype

The data presented above also suggested that several common DR types are characterized by largely overlapping peptide binding repertoires. When this issue was analyzed in more detail, by analyzing the binding pattern of the thirty-two peptides from Table Va and b which were actual DR1-4-7 degenerate binders. Thirty-one of them (97%) bound DR1, 22 (69%) DR4w4 and 21 (66%) DR7. These files are contrasted with the low

percentages of binding observed amongst the remainder non-degenerate binding peptides (17/67 (25%), 8/67 (12%) and 7/67 (10%), for DR1, 4w4 and 7, respectively) (Table VII).

Interestingly, a large fraction of the 1-4-7 degenerate binders also bound certain other common DR types. Sixteen (50%) bound DR2w2a, 18 (56%) DR6w19, 18 (56%) DR2w2b and 20 (62%) DR9. In all cases, the frequency of binding in the non-1-4-7 degenerate peptide set was much lower (Table VIII).

Significant, albeit lower, frequencies of cross reactivity were noted also for DR4w15, DR5w11, and DR8w2 (in the 28 to 37% range). Finally, negligible levels of cross reactivity were observed in the case of DR3 and 5w12 and DR53. Further studies will address whether either of these two group of molecules (DR4w15, 5w11, and 8w2 on one hand, and DR3, DR53 and 5w12 on the other) might belong to different DR supertypes.

In conclusion, these data demonstrates that a large set of DR molecules encompassing DR1, 4w4, 2w2a, 2w2b, 7, 9 and 6w19 is characterized by largely overlapping peptide binding repertoires.

#### Discussion

In the present report we have analyzed the peptide binding specificity of a set of 13 different DR molecules, representative of DR types common among the worldwide population. Detailed maps of secondary anchors and secondary interactions have been derived for three of them (DR4w4, DR1 and DR7). Furthermore, we demonstrated that a set of at least seven different DR types share overlapping peptide binding repertoires; and consequently that broadly degenerate HLA DR binding peptides are a relatively common occurrence. This study also describes computerized procedures which should greatly assist in the task of identification of such degenerate peptides.

We would like to discuss the data in the context of our current understanding of peptide-class II interactions, as well as in the context of the recently described class I supermotifs. Finally, the potential implications of broadly degenerate class II epitopes for epitope based vaccine design should also be considered.

Firstly, our studies illustrate how the vast majority of the peptides binding with good affinity to DR4w4, DR1, DR7 and most of the other DR types analyzed in the current study (data not shown), are all characterized by a P1-P6 motif consistent with the one originally proposed by O'Sullivan, *et al.* Crystallographic analysis of DR1-peptide complexes revealed that the residues occupying these positions engage two complementary

pockets on the DR1 molecule, with the P1 position corresponding to the most crucial anchor residue and the deepest hydrophobic pocket. Our analysis also illustrates how other "secondary anchor" positions drastically influence in an allele-specific manner peptide binding capacity. Position 4 was found to be particularly crucial for DR1 binding, position 9 for DR4w4, and position 7 for DR7. These data are consistent with previous results which originally described such allele-specific anchors, and with crystallographic data which illustrates how these residues engage shallow pockets on the DR molecule.

Secondly, our studies illustrate how an approach based on alignment and calculation of average relative binding values of large peptide libraries allows definition of quantitative algorithms to predict binding capacity. The present study extends those observations to two other common HLA-DR types, and also illustrates how the combined use of the 1-4-7 algorithms can be of aid in identifying broadly degenerate DR binding peptides.

The data presented herein suggest that a group of common DR alleles, including at least DR1, DR2w2a, DR2w2b, DR4w4, DR6w19, DR7 and DR9 share a largely overlapping peptide repertoire. Degenerate peptide binding to multiple DR alleles, and recognition of the same epitope in the context of multiple DR types was originally described by Lanzavecchia, Sinigaglia's and Rothbard's groups. The present study provides a classification of alleles belonging to a main HLA-DR supertype (DR1-4-7-like) which includes DR1, DR2w2a, DR2w2b, DR4w4, DR7, DR9, DR6w19. On the basis of the data presented herein, at least two additional groups of alleles exist. The first group encodes for molecules with significant, albeit much reduced overlap with the 1-4-7-like supertype (DR4w15, 8w2, 5w11). The second group of alleles (5w12, 3w17, and w53) clearly has little repertoire association with the 1-4-7 supertype. In this context it is interesting to note that Hammer, *et al.* noted that good DR5w11 binding peptides are frequently characterized by positively charged P6 anchor (which would be poorly compatible) with the herein proposed 1-4-7 supermotif. It is also interesting to note that Sidney, *et al.* proposed that DR3w17 binds a set of peptides largely distinct from those bound by other common DR types. Future studies will have to determine whether any of the molecules listed above can be grouped in additional DR superotypes. Our group is currently investigating whether analysis of polymorphic residues lining the peptide binding pockets of DR can be utilized to aid in the classification and prediction of HLA DR superotypes.

We would like to comment on similarities and differences between the HLA DR supertype described herein and the recently described HLA class I supermotifs. Class I supermotifs are clear-cut and, as a rule, non-overlapping. Four of them have been described all approximately equally frequent amongst the worldwide population. By contrast, the repertoire defining the HLA DR supertype herein described is not clear-cut and overlaps, at least in part, with the repertoire of other alleles. It also appears that on the basis of the data presented in Tables I and IV, even if other DR supertypes exist, the DR1-4-7 is going to be by far the most abundantly represented worldwide.

Finally, we would like to point out the possible relevance of these data in terms of development of epitope based vaccines. Class II restricted HTL have been implicated in protection from, and termination of many important diseases. Inclusion of well defined class II epitopes in prophylactic or therapeutic vaccines may allow the immune response to focus towards conserved or subdominant epitopes, and avoid suppressive determinants. Based on the data presented herein (Table IV), the DR1-4-7 supertype would allow coverage in the 50 to 80% range, depending on the ethnicities considered. It is thus possible that broad and not ethnically biased population coverage could be achieved by considering a very limited number of peptide binding specificities.

Based on the results present above, the sequences of various antigens of interest were scanned for the presence of the DR 1-4-7 motifs. Peptides identified using this approach are broadly cross reactive, class II restricted T cell epitopes. Table VIII presents a listing of such peptides derived from various antigens and includes representative epitopes that bind one or more DR alleles at an  $IC_{50}$  of 1000 nM or less. The information in Table VIII includes the antigen from which the peptide was derived, and binding data expressed as  $IC_{50}$  values for the designated DR alleles as shown.

The above examples are provided to illustrate the invention but not to limit its scope. Other variants of the invention will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference for all purposes.



Table I

HLA-DR binding assays utilized in the present study.

Antigen	Allele	Alias	Representative Assay			Ref.	Comments
			Cell Line	Radioabeled Probe	"		
DR1	DRB1*0101	(DR1)	LG2	HA Y307-319	"	(8)	01 is the most prevalent DR1 allele.
DR2	DRB1*1501	(DR2w2b)	L466.1	MBP 88-102Y	"	(9)	0101 is the most prevalent DR2 allele.
DR3	DRB1*0301	(DR3w17)	MAT	MT 65LD Y3-13 analog	"	(9)	01 is the most prevalent DR3 allele in most major populations. 01 and 02 are split fairly evenly in NA Blacks.
DR4	DRB1*0401	(DR4w4)	Preis	Non-natural peptide YAR	"	(9)	01 is the most prevalent DR4 allele.
	DRB1*0405	(DR4w15)	KT3	Non-natural peptide YAR	"	This paper	05 is the most prevalent DR4 allele in the Orient.
DR7	DRB1*0701	(DR7)	P1001	TT 830-843	"	(9)	01/02 vary at 1 pos., which is outside the binding groove.
DR8	DRB1*0802	(DR8w2)	OLL	TT 830-843	"	This paper	02 is dominant in most major population groups. 02 and 03 have nearly identical binding specificities (J. Sidney and A. Sette, unpublished observations).
DR9	DRB1*0901	(DR9)	9074 (H1D)	TT 830-843	"	This paper	DR9 splits are products of a silent mutation.
DR11	DRB1*1101	(DR5w11)	Swidg	TT 830-843	"	(9)	01 is the most prevalent DR11 allele, by far.
DR12	DRB1*1201	(DR5w12)	Herluf	CIR derived peptide	"	(9)	01/02 are evenly distributed. These alleles differ at pos. 67, which does not appear strongly influence peptide binding.
DR13	DRB1*1302	(DR6w19)	HO301	650.22 (TT 830-843 analog)	"	(10)	02 is slightly more prevalent overall than 01. These alleles vary at pos. 66/critical in determining the P1 anchor specificity.
DR51	DRB1*0101	(DR2w2a)	CM3107	TT 830-843	"	(9)	0101 is the most prevalent split.
DR53	DRB1*0101	(DR4, DR7, DR9)	L257.6	Non-natural peptide YAR	"	(9)	0101 is essentially the only allele.

1) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

2) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

3) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

4) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

5) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

6) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

7) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

8) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

9) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

10) YFVYKQNTLRLAT

Table II

An algorithm to predict DRB1\*0401 binding capacity.

a) Original peptide set.

Selection Criteria	No. of peptides (Binding nM)			Total
	High ≤100	Inter. 100-1000	Non >1000	
None	27	53	304	384
P1-P6	27	50	182	259
-17.00 <sup>1)</sup>	27	45	84	156
-16.44 <sup>2)</sup>	25	35	47	107

1) Algorithm score which predicts 90% of all binders.

2) Algorithm score which predicts 75% of all binders.

Table II

b) Blind test of the predictive power of the DRB1\*0401 algorithm.

Selection Criteria	No. of peptides (Binding nM)			Total
	High ≤100	Inter. 100-1000	Non >1000	
None	3	11	36	50
P1-P6	3	9	28	40
-17.00	3	8	7	18
-16.44	3	4	2	9

Table III

A combined "1-4-7" algorithm.

Selection Criteria	Degenerate Binders <sup>1</sup>	Percent of Total Degenerate Binders
None	73/384	100%
P1-P6	72/259	99%
Combined Algorithms (90% Cutoff Value)	67/147	92%
Combined Algorithms (75% Cutoff Value)	59/100	81%

1) Degenerate binders are defined as peptides binding at least two out of the three DR1, 4w4, and 7 molecules with an IC50 of 1  $\mu$ M or less.

Table IV

## Phenotypic frequencies of 10 prevalent HLA-DR antigens

Antigen	Alleles	Phenotypic Frequencies					Avg.
		Cauc.	Blk.	Jpn.	Chn.	Hisp.	
DR1	DRB1*0101-03	18.5	8.4	10.7	4.5	10.1	10.4
DR2	DRB1*1501-03	19.9	14.8	30.9	22.0	15.0	20.5
DR3	DRB1*0301-2	17.7	19.5	0.4	7.3	14.4	11.9
DR4	DRB1*0401-12	23.6	6.1	40.4	21.9	29.8	24.4
DR7	DRB1*0701-02	26.2	11.1	1.0	15.0	16.6	14.0
DR8	DRB1*0801-5	5.5	10.9	25.0	10.7	23.3	15.1
DR9	DRB1*09011,09012	3.6	4.7	24.5	19.9	6.7	11.9
DR11	DRB1*1101-05	17.0	18.0	4.9	19.4	18.1	15.5
DR12	DRB1*1201-02	2.8	5.5	13.1	17.6	5.7	8.9
DR13	DRB1*1301-06	21.7	16.5	14.6	12.2	10.5	15.1
Total		97.0	83.9	98.8	95.5	95.6	94.7

Table V

## A) Non Predictions.

Binding Capacity													
Peptide	Other Alleles												
	DR1,4,7				Other Alleles								
	DR1	DR1*4	DR7	DR2*2b	DR3*2a	DR3	DR1*15	DR5*11	DR1*19	DR1*2	DR9	DR5*12	Total Affinity Bound
1136.29	32	4327	138	1.1	468	-	715	6250	-	3970	183	1000	7
1136.04	24	20	333	1264	701	-	543	60	-	55	2855	-	6
1136.19	781	1915	1323	86	1250	-	415	183	1647	5051	3135	-	4
1136.10	-	-	508	-	702	-	-	350	645	1581	4167	9081	4
1136.02.01a	806	-	-	2844	16	-	-	1379	-	338	-	9927	3
1136.33	116	-	-	2459	-	-	-	1086	126	8750	306	-	3
1136.51	-	7031	556	3957	1647	-	563	-	-	-	2119	-	2
1136.03	79	8454	2033	243	1350	-	1689	-	-	7313	3917	3571	2
1136.06	1923	1364	-	-	313	6777	-	690	8750	-	-	-	2
1136.23	942	-	-	262	2727	-	-	-	3182	-	-	-	2
1136.32	37	-	-	1717	1739	-	626	6250	-	1976	-	-	2
1136.33	52	-	-	8173	6250	-	7600	1035	8750	3168	-	474	2
1136.41.01	576	780	-	-	-	-	6551	4000	-	4344	-	-	2
1136.42.01a	-	-	-	-	419	-	-	396	-	2970	3000	-	2
1136.43	-	1875	-	-	769	-	-	9514	8750	-	-	-	1
1136.54	8333	-	4350	1542	2857	-	-	1980	761	1235	2614	214	1
1136.07.01b	1190	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2027	-	1
1136.08	-	472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1136.09	-	8375	3781	7.3	-	-	-	-	2117	-	-	3946	1
1136.25	1163	-	4350	28	3816	-	-	-	-	-	5000	-	1
1136.31	4545	545	3117	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17931	-	1
1136.36	704	-	-	5888	-	-	-	-	5000	-	-	-	1
1136.44	-	235	-	-	-	-	1267	-	54	-	5769	-	1
1136.49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1136.40	4545	1546	8333	-	4318	-	-	-	7000	5506	-	-	0
1136.50	-	1875	-	-	-	-	6667	7183	-	-	-	-	0
1136.56	-	4500	-	-	-	-	3918	-	3500	5104	4648	-	0
1136.57	-	4654	-	6500	-	-	5758	1676	-	-	7879	-	0
1136.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1136.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1136.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1136.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1136.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3704	-	-	-	0
1136.03.01c	-	-	-	-	1905	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0

no DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, 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DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1\*15, DR5\*11, DR1\*19, DR1\*2, DR9, DR5\*12, DR1\*4, DR7, DR2\*2b, DR3\*2a, DR3, DR1

- Indicates binding affinity &gt;10,000xM.

2 ml of 34 (5.9%) degenerate on 5 or more DR types.

Table V

## B) Correct Predictions.

Peptide	Binding Capacity (IC50% nM)													Total Alleles Bound
	DR1,4,7			Other Alleles										
	DR1	DR1w4	DR7	DR3w2b	DR3w2a	DR3	DR4w15	DR5w11	DR6w19	DR6w2	DR9	DR5w12		
1188.16	3.7	7.1	14	1251	23	-	47	30	428	46	28	-	9	
1188.32	3.1	44	167	-	79	-	1402	11	7.1	19	126	851	9	
1188.31	14	12	64	370	118	1332	959	2703	3.7	48	19	497	9	
F107.09	4.1	14	39	5028	216	-	314	943	4.6	385	29	-	9	
27.412	14	282	128	-	323	-	-	31	70	53	590	2495	8	
1188.15	26	9.0	57	210	123	257	1057	2532	3.9	28	16	-	8	
1134.16	1.4	214	46	1425	34	-	741	3571	1296	408	46	3409	7	
1134.21	2.2	51	57	2044	62	-	270	1212	259	1420	132	-	7	
1134.11	0.89	99	9615	603	241	-	84	315	-	529	1974	-	7	
27.392	41	419	33	310	2499	-	1668	1203	9.8	883	62	3213	6	
27.417	56	-	425	210	251	-	133	4000	1842	-	662	-	6	
1134.38	70	122	2404	258	711	-	1410	542	36	-	708	2512	5	
27.388	50	5727	497	18	1536	-	-	73	64	1672	433	7311	5	
27.403	78	4146	207	13	2875	-	-	-	-	-	375	-	5	
1134.71	5.1	776	94	-	1212	-	950	1538	-	-	7723	3488	5	
1134.14	5.3	4787	100	81	135	-	792	-	1400	-	-	-	5	
1134.21	182	5844	391	506	9574	-	1357	-	4.5	-	-	-	4	
27.384	46	-	281	357	-	-	-	-	65	-	458	-	4	
1188.13	116	6723	58	382	-	-	1069	-	0.77	-	142	-	4	
F107.10	120	2738	67	807	-	-	1447	-	5.5	-	135	-	4	
F107.17	221	388	-	-	-	4878	5705	-	76	7440	299	3478	4	
F102.23	143	5713	141	4113	-	-	4770	-	14	-	151	-	4	
1134.12	105	720	1429	14	2128	-	1583	4255	343	2917	2500	-	4	
1134.47	2.2	407	2119	303	755	-	5353	-	-	-	-	-	4	
1134.28	0.23	849	2423	2.2	1481	-	6467	9574	3182	7538	-	4478	3	
1134.55	45	138	2451	-	-	-	271	4515	5000	-	-	-	3	
1134.19.01a	130	39	-	-	29	-	3140	-	-	-	-	-	3	
27.415	2011	754	718	453	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	
1134.46	40	965	5814	-	-	-	-	4712	2234	8997	-	-	2	

- Indicates binding affinity  $\geq 10,000$  nM.

16 out of 29 (55%) degenerate on 5 or more DR types.

Table VI  
 Degenerate "1-4-7" binders.

# Degenerate "1-4-7" binders.

## Blinding Capacity (IC50% nM)

### Other Alleles

#### DR1,4,7

Peptide	Sequence	DR1	DR1+4	DR7	DR2+7b	DR2+2a	DR3	DR1+15	DR5+11	DR6+19	DR8+2	DR9	DR5+12	Total Allosteric Bound
118.34	INNNVNIIVPLAKKI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	10
118.32	CLAKVVPVCAATPY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	9
118.16	KSKYLATSVLACIL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	9
118.09	KYKLATSVLACILN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	8
118.05	RIINWVNIIVPLAKKI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7
27.417	AVKVVVCAATPYAG	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7
118.11	WTPASTFKILPILA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7
118.16	LTSQIFLPALPVTWL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7
118.21	ITQEWKPAITVYVYA	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	7
118.29	GPITLALSGFAGYM	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6
27.372	SSVNVVNSIGLIM	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6
27.417	VNVKPFPAKACVE	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6
118.04	LHVTFLSEKATSTV	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	6
27.388	MKKAILSVSYFLY	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
118.38	SSHFGAFTSLJEGCC	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
27.403	LVNLIHIIICKIK	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
118.71	EPQSTYAASSATSD	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
118.14	FATCTPLTSQIFLP	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
27.384	FNWVNSIGLIMVLS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	5
118.13	AGLGNVSTVLLGG	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.10	LAGLGNVSTVLLGG	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.47	TRITFYVLLGGAMLSL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.12	IKLPILAFATCELP	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.23	VFNWVNSIGLIMVL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.24	NLSNVLATITIGVLDI	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
118.17	KFVVVCAATPYAGER	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
118.28	LAAIFLECPPTALBS	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
118.35	QEDPLSTNITPVNSN	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	3
118.59.01a	RVYQEPQVSTPQRAET	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
27.415	NVYGLVYVFLIFDL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
118.46	LWVSTHMLTIRITVMDL	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2
118.44.01	WLPTRFNFVWVTTASW	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	2

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\* Indicated binding affinity  $\leq 1000$  nM.



Table VII

DR Type	Frequency of Binders	
	1-4-7 Degenerate Binders (%)	Non 1-4-7 Degenerate Binders (%)
1	31/32 (97)	17/67 (25)
4w4	22/32 (69)	8/67 (12)
7	21/32 (66)	7/67 (10)
9	20/32 (62)	2/67 (3.0)
6w19	18/32 (56)	6/67 (8.9)
2w20b	18/32 (56)	16/67 (24)
2w20a	16/32 (50)	10/67 (15)
4w15	12/32 (37)	4/67 (6.0)
8w2	10/32 (31)	3/67 (4.5)
5w11	9/32 (28)	6/67 (8.9)
5w12	3/32 (9.4)	4/67 (6.0)
3w17	1/32 (3.1)	0/67 (0)
w53	2/16 (13)	7/43 (16)

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No.	Designation	Source	CR1	CR2	CR3	CR4	CR5	CR6	CR7	CR8	CR9	CR10	CR11	CR12	CR13	CR14	CR15	CR16	CR17	CR18	CR19	CR20	CR21	CR22	CR23	CR24	CR25	CR26	CR27	CR28	CR29	CR30	CR31	CR32	CR33	CR34	CR35	CR36	CR37	CR38	CR39	CR40	CR41	CR42	CR43	CR44	CR45	CR46	CR47	CR48	CR49	CR50	CR51	CR52	CR53	CR54	CR55	CR56	CR57	CR58	CR59	CR60	CR61	CR62	CR63	CR64	CR65	CR66	CR67	CR68	CR69	CR70	CR71	CR72	CR73	CR74	CR75	CR76	CR77	CR78	CR79	CR80	CR81	CR82	CR83	CR84	CR85	CR86	CR87	CR88	CR89	CR90	CR91	CR92	CR93	CR94	CR95	CR96	CR97	CR98	CR99	CR100	CR101	CR102	CR103	CR104	CR105	CR106	CR107	CR108	CR109	CR110	CR111	CR112	CR113	CR114	CR115	CR116	CR117	CR118	CR119	CR120	CR121	CR122	CR123	CR124	CR125	CR126	CR127	CR128	CR129	CR130	CR131	CR132	CR133	CR134	CR135	CR136	CR137	CR138	CR139	CR140	CR141	CR142	CR143	CR144	CR145	CR146	CR147	CR148	CR149	CR150	CR151	CR152	CR153	CR154	CR155	CR156	CR157	CR158	CR159	CR160	CR161	CR162	CR163	CR164	CR165	CR166	CR167	CR168	CR169	CR170	CR171	CR172	CR173	CR174	CR175	CR176	CR177	CR178	CR179	CR180	CR181	CR182	CR183	CR184	CR185	CR186	CR187	CR188	CR189	CR190	CR191	CR192	CR193	CR194	CR195	CR196	CR197	CR198	CR199	CR200	CR201	CR202	CR203	CR204	CR205	CR206	CR207	CR208	CR209	CR210	CR211	CR212	CR213	CR214	CR215	CR216	CR217	CR218	CR219	CR220	CR221	CR222	CR223	CR224	CR225	CR226	CR227	CR228	CR229	CR230	CR231	CR232	CR233	CR234	CR235	CR236	CR237	CR238	CR239	CR240	CR241	CR242	CR243	CR244	CR245	CR246	CR247	CR248	CR249	CR250	CR251	CR252	CR253	CR254	CR255	CR256	CR257	CR258	CR259	CR260	CR261	CR262	CR263	CR264	CR265	CR266	CR267	CR268	CR269	CR270	CR271	CR272	CR273	CR274	CR275	CR276	CR277	CR278	CR279	CR280	CR281	CR282	CR283	CR284	CR285	CR286	CR287	CR288	CR289	CR290	CR291	CR292	CR293	CR294	CR295	CR296	CR297	CR298	CR299	CR300	CR301	CR302	CR303	CR304	CR305	CR306	CR307	CR308	CR309	CR310	CR311	CR312	CR313	CR314	CR315	CR316	CR317	CR318	CR319	CR320	CR321	CR322	CR323	CR324	CR325	CR326	CR327	CR328	CR329	CR330	CR331	CR332	CR333	CR334	CR335	CR336	CR337	CR338	CR339	CR340	CR341	CR342	CR343	CR344	CR345	CR346	CR347	CR348	CR349	CR350	CR351	CR352	CR353	CR354	CR355	CR356	CR357	CR358	CR359	CR360	CR361	CR362	CR363	CR364	CR365	CR366	CR367	CR368	CR369	CR370	CR371	CR372	CR373	CR374	CR375	CR376	CR377	CR378	CR379	CR380	CR381	CR382	CR383	CR384	CR385	CR386	CR387	CR388	CR389	CR390	CR391	CR392	CR393	CR394	CR395	CR396	CR397	CR398	CR399	CR400	CR401	CR402	CR403	CR404	CR405	CR406	CR407	CR408	CR409	CR410	CR411	CR412	CR413	CR414	CR415	CR416	CR417	CR418	CR419	CR420	CR421	CR422	CR423	CR424	CR425	CR426	CR427	CR428	CR429	CR430	CR431	CR432	CR433	CR434	CR435	CR436	CR437	CR438	CR439	CR440	CR441	CR442	CR443	CR444	CR445	CR446	CR447	CR448	CR449	CR450	CR451	CR452	CR453	CR454	CR455	CR456	CR457	CR458	CR459	CR460	CR461	CR462	CR463	CR464	CR465	CR466	CR467	CR468	CR469	CR470	CR471	CR472	CR473	CR474	CR475	CR476	CR477	CR478	CR479	CR480	CR481	CR482	CR483	CR484	CR485	CR486	CR487	CR488	CR489	CR490	CR491	CR492	CR493	CR494	CR495	CR496	CR497	CR498	CR499	CR500	CR501	CR502	CR503	CR504	CR505	CR506	CR507	CR508	CR509	CR510	CR511	CR512	CR513	CR514	CR515	CR516	CR517	CR518	CR519	CR520	CR521	CR522	CR523	CR524	CR525	CR526	CR527	CR528	CR529	CR530	CR531	CR532	CR533	CR534	CR535	CR536	CR537	CR538	CR539	CR540	CR541	CR542	CR543	CR544	CR545	CR546	CR547	CR548	CR549	CR550	CR551	CR552	CR553	CR554	CR555	CR556	CR557	CR558	CR559	CR560	CR561	CR562	CR563	CR564	CR565	CR566	CR567	CR568	CR569	CR570	CR571	CR572	CR573	CR574	CR575	CR576	CR577	CR578	CR579	CR580	CR581	CR582	CR583	CR584	CR585	CR586	CR587	CR588	CR589	CR590	CR591	CR592	CR593	CR594	CR595	CR596	CR597	CR598	CR599	CR600	CR601	CR602	CR603	CR604	CR605	CR606	CR607	CR608	CR609	CR610	CR611	CR612	CR613	CR614	CR615	CR616	CR617	CR618	CR619	CR620	CR621	CR622	CR623	CR624	CR625	CR626	CR627	CR628	CR629	CR630	CR631	CR632	CR633	CR634	CR635	CR636	CR637	CR638	CR639	CR640	CR641	CR642	CR643	CR644	CR645	CR646	CR647	CR648	CR649	CR650	CR651	CR652	CR653	CR654	CR655	CR656	CR657	CR658	CR659	CR660	CR661	CR662	CR663	CR664	CR665	CR666	CR667	CR668	CR669	CR670	CR671	CR672	CR673	CR674	CR675	CR676	CR677	CR678	CR679	CR680	CR681	CR682	CR683	CR684	CR685	CR686	CR687	CR688	CR689	CR690	CR691	CR692	CR693	CR694	CR695	CR696	CR697	CR698	CR699	CR700	CR701	CR702	CR703	CR704	CR705	CR706	CR707	CR708	CR709	CR710	CR711	CR712	CR713	CR714	CR715	CR716	CR717	CR718	CR719	CR720	CR721	CR722	CR723	CR724	CR725	CR726	CR727	CR728	CR729	CR730	CR731	CR732	CR733	CR734	CR735	CR736	CR737	CR738	CR739	CR740	CR741	CR742	CR743	CR744	CR745	CR746	CR747	CR748	CR749	CR750	CR751	CR752	CR753	CR754	CR755	CR756	CR757	CR758	CR759	CR760	CR761	CR762	CR763	CR764	CR765	CR766	CR767	CR768	CR769	CR770	CR771	CR772	CR773	CR774	CR775	CR776	CR777	CR778	CR779	CR780	CR781	CR782	CR783	CR784	CR785	CR786	CR787	CR788	CR789	CR790	CR791	CR792	CR793	CR794	CR795	CR796	CR797	CR798	CR799	CR800	CR801	CR802	CR803	CR804	CR805	CR806	CR807	CR808	CR809	CR810	CR811	CR812	CR813	CR814	CR815	CR816	CR817	CR818	CR819	CR820	CR821	CR822	CR823	CR824	CR825	CR826	CR827	CR828	CR829	CR830	CR831	CR832	CR833	CR834	CR835	CR836	CR837	CR838	CR839	CR840	CR841	CR842	CR843	CR844	CR845	CR846	CR847	CR848	CR849	CR850	CR851	CR852	CR853	CR854	CR855	CR856	CR857	CR858	CR859	CR860	CR861	CR862	CR863	CR864	CR865	CR866	CR867	CR868	CR869	CR870	CR871	CR872	CR873	CR874	CR875	CR876	CR877	CR878	CR879	CR880	CR881	CR882	CR883	CR884	CR885	CR886	CR887	CR888	CR889	CR890	CR891	CR892	CR893	CR894	CR895	CR896	CR897	CR898	CR899	CR900	CR901	CR902	CR903	CR904	CR905	CR906	CR907	CR908	CR909	CR910	CR911	CR912	CR913	CR914	CR915	CR916	CR917	CR918	CR919	CR920	CR921	CR922	CR923	CR924	CR925	CR926	CR927	CR928	CR929	CR930	CR931	CR932	CR933	CR934	CR935	CR936	CR937	CR938	CR939	CR940	CR941	CR942	CR943	CR944	CR945	CR946	CR947	CR948	CR949	CR950	CR951	CR952	CR953	CR954	CR955	CR956	CR957	CR958	CR959	CR960	CR961	CR962	CR963	CR964	CR965	CR966	CR967	CR968	CR969	CR970	CR971	CR972	CR973	CR974	CR975	CR976	CR977	CR978	CR979	CR980	CR981	CR982	CR983	CR984	CR985	CR986	CR987	CR988	CR989	CR990	CR991	CR992	CR993	CR994	CR995	CR996	CR997	CR998	CR999	CR1000
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Page No	Sequence	Source	DB1	DB2/DB3	DB1-DB2	DB3	DB4	DB5	DB6	DB7	DB8	DB9	DB10	DB11	DB12	DB13	DB14	DB15	DB16	DB17	DB18	DB19	DB20	DB21	DB22	DB23	DB24	DB25	DB26	DB27	DB28	DB29	DB30	DB31	DB32	DB33	DB34	DB35	DB36	DB37	DB38	DB39	DB40	DB41	DB42	DB43	DB44	DB45	DB46	DB47	DB48	DB49	DB50	DB51	DB52	DB53	DB54	DB55	DB56	DB57	DB58	DB59	DB60	DB61	DB62	DB63	DB64	DB65	DB66	DB67	DB68	DB69	DB70	DB71	DB72	DB73	DB74	DB75	DB76	DB77	DB78	DB79	DB80	DB81	DB82	DB83	DB84	DB85	DB86	DB87	DB88	DB89	DB90	DB91	DB92	DB93	DB94	DB95	DB96	DB97	DB98	DB99	DB100	DB101	DB102	DB103	DB104	DB105	DB106	DB107	DB108	DB109	DB110	DB111	DB112	DB113	DB114	DB115	DB116	DB117	DB118	DB119	DB120	DB121	DB122	DB123	DB124	DB125	DB126	DB127	DB128	DB129	DB130	DB131	DB132	DB133	DB134	DB135	DB136	DB137	DB138	DB139	DB140	DB141	DB142	DB143	DB144	DB145	DB146	DB147	DB148	DB149	DB150	DB151	DB152	DB153	DB154	DB155	DB156	DB157	DB158	DB159	DB160	DB161	DB162	DB163	DB164	DB165	DB166	DB167	DB168	DB169	DB170	DB171	DB172	DB173	DB174	DB175	DB176	DB177	DB178	DB179	DB180	DB181	DB182	DB183	DB184	DB185	DB186	DB187	DB188	DB189	DB190	DB191	DB192	DB193	DB194	DB195	DB196	DB197	DB198	DB199	DB200	DB201	DB202	DB203	DB204	DB205	DB206	DB207	DB208	DB209	DB210	DB211	DB212	DB213	DB214	DB215	DB216	DB217	DB218	DB219	DB220	DB221	DB222	DB223	DB224	DB225	DB226	DB227	DB228	DB229	DB230	DB231	DB232	DB233	DB234	DB235	DB236	DB237	DB238	DB239	DB240	DB241	DB242	DB243	DB244	DB245	DB246	DB247	DB248	DB249	DB250	DB251	DB252	DB253	DB254	DB255	DB256	DB257	DB258	DB259	DB260	DB261	DB262	DB263	DB264	DB265	DB266	DB267	DB268	DB269	DB270	DB271	DB272	DB273	DB274	DB275	DB276	DB277	DB278	DB279	DB280	DB281	DB282	DB283	DB284	DB285	DB286	DB287	DB288	DB289	DB290	DB291	DB292	DB293	DB294	DB295	DB296	DB297	DB298	DB299	DB300	DB301	DB302	DB303	DB304	DB305	DB306	DB307	DB308	DB309	DB310	DB311	DB312	DB313	DB314	DB315	DB316	DB317	DB318	DB319	DB320	DB321	DB322	DB323	DB324	DB325	DB326	DB327	DB328	DB329	DB330	DB331	DB332	DB333	DB334	DB335	DB336	DB337	DB338	DB339	DB340	DB341	DB342	DB343	DB344	DB345	DB346	DB347	DB348	DB349	DB350	DB351	DB352	DB353	DB354	DB355	DB356	DB357	DB358	DB359	DB360	DB361	DB362	DB363	DB364	DB365	DB366	DB367	DB368	DB369	DB370	DB371	DB372	DB373	DB374	DB375	DB376	DB377	DB378	DB379	DB380	DB381	DB382	DB383	DB384	DB385	DB386	DB387	DB388	DB389	DB390	DB391	DB392	DB393	DB394	DB395	DB396	DB397	DB398	DB399	DB400	DB401	DB402	DB403	DB404	DB405	DB406	DB407	DB408	DB409	DB410	DB411	DB412	DB413	DB414	DB415	DB416	DB417	DB418	DB419	DB420	DB421	DB422	DB423	DB424	DB425	DB426	DB427	DB428	DB429	DB430	DB431	DB432	DB433	DB434	DB435	DB436	DB437	DB438	DB439	DB440	DB441	DB442	DB443	DB444	DB445	DB446	DB447	DB448	DB449	DB450	DB451	DB452	DB453	DB454	DB455	DB456	DB457	DB458	DB459	DB460	DB461	DB462	DB463	DB464	DB465	DB466	DB467	DB468	DB469	DB470	DB471	DB472	DB473	DB474	DB475	DB476	DB477	DB478	DB479	DB480	DB481	DB482	DB483	DB484	DB485	DB486	DB487	DB488	DB489	DB490	DB491	DB492	DB493	DB494	DB495	DB496	DB497	DB498	DB499	DB500	DB501	DB502	DB503	DB504	DB505	DB506	DB507	DB508	DB509	DB510	DB511	DB512	DB513	DB514	DB515	DB516	DB517	DB518	DB519	DB520	DB521	DB522	DB523	DB524	DB525	DB526	DB527	DB528	DB529	DB530	DB531	DB532	DB533	DB534	DB535	DB536	DB537	DB538	DB539	DB540	DB541	DB542	DB543	DB544	DB545	DB546	DB547	DB548	DB549	DB550	DB551	DB552	DB553	DB554	DB555	DB556	DB557	DB558	DB559	DB560	DB561	DB562	DB563	DB564	DB565	DB566	DB567	DB568	DB569	DB570	DB571	DB572	DB573	DB574	DB575	DB576	DB577	DB578	DB579	DB580	DB581	DB582	DB583	DB584	DB585	DB586	DB587	DB588	DB589	DB590	DB591	DB592	DB593	DB594	DB595	DB596	DB597	DB598	DB599	DB600	DB601	DB602	DB603	DB604	DB605	DB606	DB607	DB608	DB609	DB610	DB611	DB612	DB613	DB614	DB615	DB616	DB617	DB618	DB619	DB620	DB621	DB622	DB623	DB624	DB625	DB626	DB627	DB628	DB629	DB630	DB631	DB632	DB633	DB634	DB635	DB636	DB637	DB638	DB639	DB640	DB641	DB642	DB643	DB644	DB645	DB646	DB647	DB648	DB649	DB650	DB651	DB652	DB653	DB654	DB655	DB656	DB657	DB658	DB659	DB660	DB661	DB662	DB663	DB664	DB665	DB666	DB667	DB668	DB669	DB670	DB671	DB672	DB673	DB674	DB675	DB676	DB677	DB678	DB679	DB680	DB681	DB682	DB683	DB684	DB685	DB686	DB687	DB688	DB689	DB690	DB691	DB692	DB693	DB694	DB695	DB696	DB697	DB698	DB699	DB700	DB701	DB702	DB703	DB704	DB705	DB706	DB707	DB708	DB709	DB710	DB711	DB712	DB713	DB714	DB715	DB716	DB717	DB718	DB719	DB720	DB721	DB722	DB723	DB724	DB725	DB726	DB727	DB728	DB729	DB730	DB731	DB732	DB733	DB734	DB735	DB736	DB737	DB738	DB739	DB740	DB741	DB742	DB743	DB744	DB745	DB746	DB747	DB748	DB749	DB750	DB751	DB752	DB753	DB754	DB755	DB756	DB757	DB758	DB759	DB760	DB761	DB762	DB763	DB764	DB765	DB766	DB767	DB768	DB769	DB770	DB771	DB772	DB773	DB774	DB775	DB776	DB777	DB778	DB779	DB780	DB781	DB782	DB783	DB784	DB785	DB786	DB787	DB788	DB789	DB790	DB791	DB792	DB793	DB794	DB795	DB796	DB797	DB798	DB799	DB800	DB801	DB802	DB803	DB804	DB805	DB806	DB807	DB808	DB809	DB810	DB811	DB812	DB813	DB814	DB815	DB816	DB817	DB818	DB819	DB820	DB821	DB822	DB823	DB824	DB825	DB826	DB827	DB828	DB829	DB830	DB831	DB832	DB833	DB834	DB835	DB836	DB837	DB838	DB839	DB840	DB841	DB842	DB843	DB844	DB845	DB846	D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Table VIII, page 4

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Table VIII, page 6

Page No.	Sequence	Source	DT1 rel	DATA1 rel	COPY-DATE rel	CDS rel	In ICSE Format DATA1 rel	DATA12 rel	DATA19 rel	DT7 rel	DIM-ED rel	CVE rel	DTN-ED rel
0004.01		OWS 105-105	503.3			3000000.0	378.0	18189.7	2000000.0	14.7			
0004.02		NA 207-318 ending	2.7		27.1		60.0	215000.0	144.3	173.0			
0004.03		NA 207-319 ending	20.3		20.3		5.0	337.1	81.9	112.0			
0004.04		NA 207-320 ending	20.3		20.3		5.0	337.1	81.9	112.0			
0004.05		NA 207-321 ending	5.3		5.3		27.3	16400.0	333.3	200.7			
0004.06		NA 207-322 ending	5.3		5.3		27.3	16400.0	333.3	200.7			
0004.07		NA 207-323 ending	1.7		1.7		82.4	600000.0	225.0	40.3			
0004.08		NA 207-324 ending	1.7		1.7		82.4	600000.0	225.0	40.3			
0004.09		NA 207-325 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.10		NA 207-326 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.11		NA 207-327 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.12		NA 207-328 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.13		NA 207-329 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.14		NA 207-330 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.15		NA 207-331 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.16		NA 207-332 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.17		NA 207-333 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.18		NA 207-334 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.19		NA 207-335 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.20		NA 207-336 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.21		NA 207-337 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.22		NA 207-338 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.23		NA 207-339 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.24		NA 207-340 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.25		NA 207-341 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.26		NA 207-342 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.27		NA 207-343 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.28		NA 207-344 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.29		NA 207-345 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.30		NA 207-346 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.31		NA 207-347 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.32		NA 207-348 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.33		NA 207-349 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.34		NA 207-350 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.35		NA 207-351 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.36		NA 207-352 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.37		NA 207-353 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.38		NA 207-354 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.39		NA 207-355 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.40		NA 207-356 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.41		NA 207-357 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.42		NA 207-358 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.43		NA 207-359 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.44		NA 207-360 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.45		NA 207-361 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.46		NA 207-362 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.47		NA 207-363 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.48		NA 207-364 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.49		NA 207-365 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.50		NA 207-366 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.51		NA 207-367 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.52		NA 207-368 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.53		NA 207-369 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.54		NA 207-370 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.55		NA 207-371 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.56		NA 207-372 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.57		NA 207-373 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.58		NA 207-374 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.59		NA 207-375 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.60		NA 207-376 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.61		NA 207-377 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.62		NA 207-378 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.63		NA 207-379 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.64		NA 207-380 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.65		NA 207-381 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.66		NA 207-382 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.67		NA 207-383 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.68		NA 207-384 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.69		NA 207-385 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.70		NA 207-386 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.71		NA 207-387 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.72		NA 207-388 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.73		NA 207-389 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.74		NA 207-390 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.75		NA 207-391 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.76		NA 207-392 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.77		NA 207-393 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.78		NA 207-394 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.79		NA 207-395 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.80		NA 207-396 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.81		NA 207-397 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.82		NA 207-398 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.83		NA 207-399 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.84		NA 207-400 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.85		NA 207-401 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.86		NA 207-402 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.87		NA 207-403 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.88		NA 207-404 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.89		NA 207-405 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.90		NA 207-406 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.91		NA 207-407 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.92		NA 207-408 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.93		NA 207-409 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.94		NA 207-410 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.95		NA 207-411 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.96		NA 207-412 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.97		NA 207-413 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.98		NA 207-414 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0004.99		NA 207-415 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.00		NA 207-416 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.01		NA 207-417 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.02		NA 207-418 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.03		NA 207-419 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.04		NA 207-420 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.05		NA 207-421 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.06		NA 207-422 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.07		NA 207-423 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.08		NA 207-424 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.09		NA 207-425 ending	2.0		2.0		26.1	25000.0	111.1	377.8			
0005.10		NA											

Table VIII, page 7

[illegible]



Table VIII, page 8

Protein	Sequence	Source	DR1	DR2	DR3	DR4	DR5	DR6	DR7	DR8	DR9	DR10	DR11	DR12	DR13	DR14	DR15	DR16	DR17	DR18	DR19	DR20	DR21	DR22	DR23	DR24	DR25	DR26	DR27	DR28	DR29	DR30	DR31	DR32	DR33	DR34	DR35	DR36	DR37	DR38	DR39	DR40	DR41	DR42	DR43	DR44	DR45	DR46	DR47	DR48	DR49	DR50	DR51	DR52	DR53	DR54	DR55	DR56	DR57	DR58	DR59	DR60	DR61	DR62	DR63	DR64	DR65	DR66	DR67	DR68	DR69	DR70	DR71	DR72	DR73	DR74	DR75	DR76	DR77	DR78	DR79	DR80	DR81	DR82	DR83	DR84	DR85	DR86	DR87	DR88	DR89	DR90	DR91	DR92	DR93	DR94	DR95	DR96	DR97	DR98	DR99	DR100	DR101	DR102	DR103	DR104	DR105	DR106	DR107	DR108	DR109	DR110	DR111	DR112	DR113	DR114	DR115	DR116	DR117	DR118	DR119	DR120	DR121	DR122	DR123	DR124	DR125	DR126	DR127	DR128	DR129	DR130	DR131	DR132	DR133	DR134	DR135	DR136	DR137	DR138	DR139	DR140	DR141	DR142	DR143	DR144	DR145	DR146	DR147	DR148	DR149	DR150	DR151	DR152	DR153	DR154	DR155	DR156	DR157	DR158	DR159	DR160	DR161	DR162	DR163	DR164	DR165	DR166	DR167	DR168	DR169	DR170	DR171	DR172	DR173	DR174	DR175	DR176	DR177	DR178	DR179	DR180	DR181	DR182	DR183	DR184	DR185	DR186	DR187	DR188	DR189	DR190	DR191	DR192	DR193	DR194	DR195	DR196	DR197	DR198	DR199	DR200	DR201	DR202	DR203	DR204	DR205	DR206	DR207	DR208	DR209	DR210	DR211	DR212	DR213	DR214	DR215	DR216	DR217	DR218	DR219	DR220	DR221	DR222	DR223	DR224	DR225	DR226	DR227	DR228	DR229	DR230	DR231	DR232	DR233	DR234	DR235	DR236	DR237	DR238	DR239	DR240	DR241	DR242	DR243	DR244	DR245	DR246	DR247	DR248	DR249	DR250	DR251	DR252	DR253	DR254	DR255	DR256	DR257	DR258	DR259	DR260	DR261	DR262	DR263	DR264	DR265	DR266	DR267	DR268	DR269	DR270	DR271	DR272	DR273	DR274	DR275	DR276	DR277	DR278	DR279	DR280	DR281	DR282	DR283	DR284	DR285	DR286	DR287	DR288	DR289	DR290	DR291	DR292	DR293	DR294	DR295	DR296	DR297	DR298	DR299	DR300	DR301	DR302	DR303	DR304	DR305	DR306	DR307	DR308	DR309	DR310	DR311	DR312	DR313	DR314	DR315	DR316	DR317	DR318	DR319	DR320	DR321	DR322	DR323	DR324	DR325	DR326	DR327	DR328	DR329	DR330	DR331	DR332	DR333	DR334	DR335	DR336	DR337	DR338	DR339	DR340	DR341	DR342	DR343	DR344	DR345	DR346	DR347	DR348	DR349	DR350	DR351	DR352	DR353	DR354	DR355	DR356	DR357	DR358	DR359	DR360	DR361	DR362	DR363	DR364	DR365	DR366	DR367	DR368	DR369	DR370	DR371	DR372	DR373	DR374	DR375	DR376	DR377	DR378	DR379	DR380	DR381	DR382	DR383	DR384	DR385	DR386	DR387	DR388	DR389	DR390	DR391	DR392	DR393	DR394	DR395	DR396	DR397	DR398	DR399	DR400	DR401	DR402	DR403	DR404	DR405	DR406	DR407	DR408	DR409	DR410	DR411	DR412	DR413	DR414	DR415	DR416	DR417	DR418	DR419	DR420	DR421	DR422	DR423	DR424	DR425	DR426	DR427	DR428	DR429	DR430	DR431	DR432	DR433	DR434	DR435	DR436	DR437	DR438	DR439	DR440	DR441	DR442	DR443	DR444	DR445	DR446	DR447	DR448	DR449	DR450	DR451	DR452	DR453	DR454	DR455	DR456	DR457	DR458	DR459	DR460	DR461	DR462	DR463	DR464	DR465	DR466	DR467	DR468	DR469	DR470	DR471	DR472	DR473	DR474	DR475	DR476	DR477	DR478	DR479	DR480	DR481	DR482	DR483	DR484	DR485	DR486	DR487	DR488	DR489	DR490	DR491	DR492	DR493	DR494	DR495	DR496	DR497	DR498	DR499	DR500	DR501	DR502	DR503	DR504	DR505	DR506	DR507	DR508	DR509	DR510	DR511	DR512	DR513	DR514	DR515	DR516	DR517	DR518	DR519	DR520	DR521	DR522	DR523	DR524	DR525	DR526	DR527	DR528	DR529	DR530	DR531	DR532	DR533	DR534	DR535	DR536	DR537	DR538	DR539	DR540	DR541	DR542	DR543	DR544	DR545	DR546	DR547	DR548	DR549	DR550	DR551	DR552	DR553	DR554	DR555	DR556	DR557	DR558	DR559	DR560	DR561	DR562	DR563	DR564	DR565	DR566	DR567	DR568	DR569	DR570	DR571	DR572	DR573	DR574	DR575	DR576	DR577	DR578	DR579	DR580	DR581	DR582	DR583	DR584	DR585	DR586	DR587	DR588	DR589	DR590	DR591	DR592	DR593	DR594	DR595	DR596	DR597	DR598	DR599	DR600	DR601	DR602	DR603	DR604	DR605	DR606	DR607	DR608	DR609	DR610	DR611	DR612	DR613	DR614	DR615	DR616	DR617	DR618	DR619	DR620	DR621	DR622	DR623	DR624	DR625	DR626	DR627	DR628	DR629	DR630	DR631	DR632	DR633	DR634	DR635	DR636	DR637	DR638	DR639	DR640	DR641	DR642	DR643	DR644	DR645	DR646	DR647	DR648	DR649	DR650	DR651	DR652	DR653	DR654	DR655	DR656	DR657	DR658	DR659	DR660	DR661	DR662	DR663	DR664	DR665	DR666	DR667	DR668	DR669	DR670	DR671	DR672	DR673	DR674	DR675	DR676	DR677	DR678	DR679	DR680	DR681	DR682	DR683	DR684	DR685	DR686	DR687	DR688	DR689	DR690	DR691	DR692	DR693	DR694	DR695	DR696	DR697	DR698	DR699	DR700	DR701	DR702	DR703	DR704	DR705	DR706	DR707	DR708	DR709	DR710	DR711	DR712	DR713	DR714	DR715	DR716	DR717	DR718	DR719	DR720	DR721	DR722	DR723	DR724	DR725	DR726	DR727	DR728	DR729	DR730	DR731	DR732	DR733	DR734	DR735	DR736	DR737	DR738	DR739	DR740	DR741	DR742	DR743	DR744	DR745	DR746	DR747	DR748	DR749	DR750	DR751	DR752	DR753	DR754	DR755	DR756	DR757	DR758	DR759	DR760	DR761	DR762	DR763	DR764	DR765	DR766	DR767	DR768	DR769	DR770	DR771	DR772	DR773	DR774	DR775	DR776	DR777	DR778	DR779	DR780	DR781	DR782	DR783	DR784	DR785	DR786	DR787	DR788	DR789	DR790	DR791	DR792	DR793	DR794	DR795	DR796	DR797	DR798	DR799	DR800	DR801	DR802	DR803	DR804	DR805	DR806	DR807	DR808	DR809	DR810	DR811	DR812	DR813	DR814	DR815	DR816	DR817	DR818	DR819	DR820	DR821	DR822	DR823	DR824	DR825	DR826	DR827	DR828	DR829	DR830	DR831	DR832	DR833	DR834	DR835	DR836	DR837	DR838	DR839	DR840	DR841	DR842	DR843	DR844	DR845	DR846	DR847	DR848	DR849	DR850	DR851	DR852	DR853	DR854	DR855	DR856	DR857	DR858	DR859	DR860	DR861	DR862	DR863	DR864	DR865	DR866	DR867	DR868	DR869	DR870	DR871	DR872	DR873	DR874	DR875	DR876	DR877	DR878	DR879	DR880	DR881	DR882	DR883	DR884	DR885	DR886	DR887	DR888	DR889	DR890	DR891	DR892	DR893	DR894	DR895	DR896	DR897	DR898	DR899	DR900	DR901	DR902	DR903	DR904	DR905	DR906	DR907	DR908	DR909	DR910	DR911	DR912	DR913	DR914	DR915	DR916	DR917	DR918	DR919	DR920	DR921	DR922	DR923	DR924	DR925	DR926	DR927	DR928	DR929	DR930	DR931	DR932	DR933	DR934	DR935	DR936	DR937	DR938	DR939	DR940	DR941	DR942	DR943	DR944	DR945	DR946	DR947	DR948	DR949	DR950	DR951	DR952	DR953	DR954	DR955	DR956	DR957	DR958	DR959	DR960	DR961	DR962	DR963	DR964	DR965	DR966	DR967	DR968	DR969	DR970	DR971	DR972	DR973	DR974	DR975	DR976	DR977	DR978	DR979	DR980	DR981	DR982	DR983	DR984	DR985	DR986	DR987	DR988	DR989	DR990	DR991	DR992	DR993	DR994	DR995	DR996	DR997	DR998	DR999	DR1000	DR1001	DR1002	DR1003	DR1004	DR1005	DR1006	DR1007	DR1008	DR1009	DR1010	DR1011	DR1012	DR1013	DR1014	DR1015	DR1016	DR1017	DR1018	DR1019	DR1020	DR1021	DR1022	DR1023	DR1024	DR1025	DR1026	DR1027	DR1028	DR1029	DR1030	DR1031	DR1032	DR1033	DR1034	DR1035	DR1036	DR1037	DR1038	DR1039	DR1040	DR1041	DR1042	DR1043	DR1044	DR1045	DR1046	DR1047	DR1048	DR1049	DR1050	DR1051	DR1052	DR1053	DR1054	DR1055	DR1056	DR1057	DR1058	DR1059	DR1060	DR1061	DR1062	DR1063	DR1064	DR1065	DR1066	DR1067	DR1068	DR1069	DR1070	DR1071	DR1072	DR1073	DR1074	DR1075	DR1076	DR1077	DR1078	DR1079	DR1080	DR1081	DR1082	DR1083	DR1084	DR1085	DR1086	DR1087	DR1088	DR1089	DR1090	DR1091	DR1092	DR1093	DR1094	DR1095	DR1096	DR1097	DR1098	DR1099	DR1100	DR1101	DR1102	DR1103	DR1104	DR1105	DR1106	DR1107	DR1108	DR1109	DR1110	DR1111	DR1112	DR1113	DR1114	DR1115	DR1116	DR1117	DR1118	DR1119	DR1120	DR1121	DR1122	DR1123	DR1124	DR1125	DR1126	DR1127	DR1128	DR1129	DR1130	DR1131	DR1132	DR1133	DR1134	DR1135	DR1136	DR1137	DR1138	DR1139	DR1140	DR1141	DR1142	DR1143	DR1144	DR1145	DR1146	DR1147	DR1148	DR1149	DR1150	DR1151	DR1152	DR1153	DR1154	DR1155	DR1156	DR1157	DR1158	DR1159	DR1160	DR1161	DR1162	DR1163	DR1164	DR1165	DR1166	DR1167	DR1168	DR1169	DR1170	DR1171	DR1172	DR1173	DR1174	DR1175	DR1176	DR1177	DR1178	DR1179	DR1180	DR1181	DR1182	DR1183	DR1184	DR1185	DR1186	DR1187	DR1188	DR1189	DR1190	DR1191	DR1192	DR1193	DR1194	DR1195	DR1196	DR1197	DR1198	DR1199	DR1200	DR1201	DR1202	DR1203	DR1204	DR1205	DR1206	DR1207	DR1208	DR1209	DR1210	DR1211	DR1212	DR1213	DR1214	DR1215	DR1216	DR1217	DR1218	DR1219	DR1220	DR1221	DR1222	DR1223	DR1224	DR1225	DR1226	DR1227	DR1228	DR1229	DR1230	DR1231	DR1232	DR1233	DR1234	DR1235	DR1236	DR1237	DR1238	DR1239	DR1240	DR1241	DR1242	DR1243	DR1244	DR1245	DR1246	DR1247	DR1248	DR1249	DR1250	DR1251	DR1252	DR1253	DR1254	DR1255	DR1256	DR1257	DR1258	DR1259	DR1260	DR1261	DR1262	DR1263	DR1264	DR1265	DR1266	DR1267	DR1268	DR1269	DR1270	DR1271	DR1272	DR1273	DR1274	DR1275	DR1276	DR1277	DR1278	DR1279	DR1280	DR1281	DR1282	DR1283	DR1284	DR1285	DR1286	DR1287	DR1288	DR1289	DR1290	DR1291	DR1292	DR1293	DR1294	DR1295	DR1296	DR1297	DR1298	DR1299	DR1300	DR1301	DR1302	DR1303	DR1304	DR1305	DR1306	DR1307	DR1308	DR1309	DR1310	DR1311	DR1312	DR1313	DR1314	DR1315	DR1316	DR1317	DR1318	DR1319	DR1320	DR1321	DR1322	DR1323	DR1324	DR1325	DR1326	DR1327	DR1328	DR
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Page No	Sequence	Source	ORI	ORF1	ORF2	ORF3	ORF4	ORF5	ORF6	ORF7	ORF8	ORF9	ORF10	ORF11	ORF12	ORF13	ORF14	ORF15	ORF16	ORF17	ORF18	ORF19	ORF20	ORF21	ORF22	ORF23	ORF24	ORF25	ORF26	ORF27	ORF28	ORF29	ORF30	ORF31	ORF32	ORF33	ORF34	ORF35	ORF36	ORF37	ORF38	ORF39	ORF40	ORF41	ORF42	ORF43	ORF44	ORF45	ORF46	ORF47	ORF48	ORF49	ORF50	ORF51	ORF52	ORF53	ORF54	ORF55	ORF56	ORF57	ORF58	ORF59	ORF60	ORF61	ORF62	ORF63	ORF64	ORF65	ORF66	ORF67	ORF68	ORF69	ORF70	ORF71	ORF72	ORF73	ORF74	ORF75	ORF76	ORF77	ORF78	ORF79	ORF80	ORF81	ORF82	ORF83	ORF84	ORF85	ORF86	ORF87	ORF88	ORF89	ORF90	ORF91	ORF92	ORF93	ORF94	ORF95	ORF96	ORF97	ORF98	ORF99	ORF100	ORF101	ORF102	ORF103	ORF104	ORF105	ORF106	ORF107	ORF108	ORF109	ORF110	ORF111	ORF112	ORF113	ORF114	ORF115	ORF116	ORF117	ORF118	ORF119	ORF120	ORF121	ORF122	ORF123	ORF124	ORF125	ORF126	ORF127	ORF128	ORF129	ORF130	ORF131	ORF132	ORF133	ORF134	ORF135	ORF136	ORF137	ORF138	ORF139	ORF140	ORF141	ORF142	ORF143	ORF144	ORF145	ORF146	ORF147	ORF148	ORF149	ORF150	ORF151	ORF152	ORF153	ORF154	ORF155	ORF156	ORF157	ORF158	ORF159	ORF160	ORF161	ORF162	ORF163	ORF164	ORF165	ORF166	ORF167	ORF168	ORF169	ORF170	ORF171	ORF172	ORF173	ORF174	ORF175	ORF176	ORF177	ORF178	ORF179	ORF180	ORF181	ORF182	ORF183	ORF184	ORF185	ORF186	ORF187	ORF188	ORF189	ORF190	ORF191	ORF192	ORF193	ORF194	ORF195	ORF196	ORF197	ORF198	ORF199	ORF200	ORF201	ORF202	ORF203	ORF204	ORF205	ORF206	ORF207	ORF208	ORF209	ORF210	ORF211	ORF212	ORF213	ORF214	ORF215	ORF216	ORF217	ORF218	ORF219	ORF220	ORF221	ORF222	ORF223	ORF224	ORF225	ORF226	ORF227	ORF228	ORF229	ORF230	ORF231	ORF232	ORF233	ORF234	ORF235	ORF236	ORF237	ORF238	ORF239	ORF240	ORF241	ORF242	ORF243	ORF244	ORF245	ORF246	ORF247	ORF248	ORF249	ORF250	ORF251	ORF252	ORF253	ORF254	ORF255	ORF256	ORF257	ORF258	ORF259	ORF260	ORF261	ORF262	ORF263	ORF264	ORF265	ORF266	ORF267	ORF268	ORF269	ORF270	ORF271	ORF272	ORF273	ORF274	ORF275	ORF276	ORF277	ORF278	ORF279	ORF280	ORF281	ORF282	ORF283	ORF284	ORF285	ORF286	ORF287	ORF288	ORF289	ORF290	ORF291	ORF292	ORF293	ORF294	ORF295	ORF296	ORF297	ORF298	ORF299	ORF300	ORF301	ORF302	ORF303	ORF304	ORF305	ORF306	ORF307	ORF308	ORF309	ORF310	ORF311	ORF312	ORF313	ORF314	ORF315	ORF316	ORF317	ORF318	ORF319	ORF320	ORF321	ORF322	ORF323	ORF324	ORF325	ORF326	ORF327	ORF328	ORF329	ORF330	ORF331	ORF332	ORF333	ORF334	ORF335	ORF336	ORF337	ORF338	ORF339	ORF340	ORF341	ORF342	ORF343	ORF344	ORF345	ORF346	ORF347	ORF348	ORF349	ORF350	ORF351	ORF352	ORF353	ORF354	ORF355	ORF356	ORF357	ORF358	ORF359	ORF360	ORF361	ORF362	ORF363	ORF364	ORF365	ORF366	ORF367	ORF368	ORF369	ORF370	ORF371	ORF372	ORF373	ORF374	ORF375	ORF376	ORF377	ORF378	ORF379	ORF380	ORF381	ORF382	ORF383	ORF384	ORF385	ORF386	ORF387	ORF388	ORF389	ORF390	ORF391	ORF392	ORF393	ORF394	ORF395	ORF396	ORF397	ORF398	ORF399	ORF400	ORF401	ORF402	ORF403	ORF404	ORF405	ORF406	ORF407	ORF408	ORF409	ORF410	ORF411	ORF412	ORF413	ORF414	ORF415	ORF416	ORF417	ORF418	ORF419	ORF420	ORF421	ORF422	ORF423	ORF424	ORF425	ORF426	ORF427	ORF428	ORF429	ORF430	ORF431	ORF432	ORF433	ORF434	ORF435	ORF436	ORF437	ORF438	ORF439	ORF440	ORF441	ORF442	ORF443	ORF444	ORF445	ORF446	ORF447	ORF448	ORF449	ORF450	ORF451	ORF452	ORF453	ORF454	ORF455	ORF456	ORF457	ORF458	ORF459	ORF460	ORF461	ORF462	ORF463	ORF464	ORF465	ORF466	ORF467	ORF468	ORF469	ORF470	ORF471	ORF472	ORF473	ORF474	ORF475	ORF476	ORF477	ORF478	ORF479	ORF480	ORF481	ORF482	ORF483	ORF484	ORF485	ORF486	ORF487	ORF488	ORF489	ORF490	ORF491	ORF492	ORF493	ORF494	ORF495	ORF496	ORF497	ORF498	ORF499	ORF500	ORF501	ORF502	ORF503	ORF504	ORF505	ORF506	ORF507	ORF508	ORF509	ORF510	ORF511	ORF512	ORF513	ORF514	ORF515	ORF516	ORF517	ORF518	ORF519	ORF520	ORF521	ORF522	ORF523	ORF524	ORF525	ORF526	ORF527	ORF528	ORF529	ORF530	ORF531	ORF532	ORF533	ORF534	ORF535	ORF536	ORF537	ORF538	ORF539	ORF540	ORF541	ORF542	ORF543	ORF544	ORF545	ORF546	ORF547	ORF548	ORF549	ORF550	ORF551	ORF552	ORF553	ORF554	ORF555	ORF556	ORF557	ORF558	ORF559	ORF560	ORF561	ORF562	ORF563	ORF564	ORF565	ORF566	ORF567	ORF568	ORF569	ORF570	ORF571	ORF572	ORF573	ORF574	ORF575	ORF576	ORF577	ORF578	ORF579	ORF580	ORF581	ORF582	ORF583	ORF584	ORF585	ORF586	ORF587	ORF588	ORF589	ORF590	ORF591	ORF592	ORF593	ORF594	ORF595	ORF596	ORF597	ORF598	ORF599	ORF600	ORF601	ORF602	ORF603	ORF604	ORF605	ORF606	ORF607	ORF608	ORF609	ORF610	ORF611	ORF612	ORF613	ORF614	ORF615	ORF616	ORF617	ORF618	ORF619	ORF620	ORF621	ORF622	ORF623	ORF624	ORF625	ORF626	ORF627	ORF628	ORF629	ORF630	ORF631	ORF632	ORF633	ORF634	ORF635	ORF636	ORF637	ORF638	ORF639	ORF640	ORF641	ORF642	ORF643	ORF644	ORF645	ORF646	ORF647	ORF648	ORF649	ORF650	ORF651	ORF652	ORF653	ORF654	ORF655	ORF656	ORF657	ORF658	ORF659	ORF660	ORF661	ORF662	ORF663	ORF664	ORF665	ORF666	ORF667	ORF668	ORF669	ORF670	ORF671	ORF672	ORF673	ORF674	ORF675	ORF676	ORF677	ORF678	ORF679	ORF680	ORF681	ORF682	ORF683	ORF684	ORF685	ORF686	ORF687	ORF688	ORF689	ORF690	ORF691	ORF692	ORF693	ORF694	ORF695	ORF696	ORF697	ORF698	ORF699	ORF700	ORF701	ORF702	ORF703	ORF704	ORF705	ORF706	ORF707	ORF708	ORF709	ORF710	ORF711	ORF712	ORF713	ORF714	ORF715	ORF716	ORF717	ORF718	ORF719	ORF720	ORF721	ORF722	ORF723	ORF724	ORF725	ORF726	ORF727	ORF728	ORF729	ORF730	ORF731	ORF732	ORF733	ORF734	ORF735	ORF736	ORF737	ORF738	ORF739	ORF740	ORF741	ORF742	ORF743	ORF744	ORF745	ORF746	ORF747	ORF748	ORF749	ORF750	ORF751	ORF752	ORF753	ORF754	ORF755	ORF756	ORF757	ORF758	ORF759	ORF760	ORF761	ORF762	ORF763	ORF764	ORF765	ORF766	ORF767	ORF768	ORF769	ORF770	ORF771	ORF772	ORF773	ORF774	ORF775	ORF776	ORF777	ORF778	ORF779	ORF780	ORF781	ORF782	ORF783	ORF784	ORF785	ORF786	ORF787	ORF788	ORF789	ORF790	ORF791	ORF792	ORF793	ORF794	ORF795	ORF796	ORF797	ORF798	ORF799	ORF800	ORF801	ORF802	ORF803	ORF804	ORF805	ORF806	ORF807	ORF808	ORF809	ORF810	ORF811	ORF812	ORF813	ORF814	ORF815	ORF816	ORF817	ORF818	ORF819	ORF820	ORF821	ORF822	ORF823	ORF824	ORF825	ORF826	ORF827	ORF828	ORF829	ORF830	ORF831	ORF832	ORF833	ORF834	ORF835	ORF836	ORF837	ORF838	ORF839	ORF840	ORF841	ORF842	ORF843	ORF844	ORF845	ORF846	ORF847	ORF848	ORF849	ORF850	ORF851	ORF852	ORF853	ORF854	ORF855	ORF856	ORF857	ORF858	ORF859	ORF860	ORF861	ORF862	ORF863	ORF864	ORF865	ORF866	ORF867	ORF868	ORF869	ORF870	ORF871	ORF872	ORF873	ORF874	ORF875	ORF876	ORF877	ORF878	ORF879	ORF880	ORF881	ORF882	ORF883	ORF884	ORF885	ORF886	ORF887	ORF888	ORF889	ORF890	ORF891	ORF892	ORF893	ORF894	ORF895	ORF896	ORF897	ORF898	ORF899	ORF900	ORF901	ORF902	ORF903	ORF904	ORF905	ORF906	ORF907	ORF908	ORF909	ORF910	ORF911	ORF912	ORF913	ORF914	ORF915	ORF916	ORF917	ORF918	ORF919	ORF920	ORF921	ORF922	ORF923	ORF924	ORF925	ORF926	ORF927	ORF928	ORF929	ORF930	ORF931	ORF932	ORF933	ORF934	ORF935	ORF936	ORF937	ORF938	ORF939	ORF940	ORF941	ORF942	ORF943	ORF944	ORF945	ORF946	ORF947	ORF948	ORF949	ORF950	ORF951	ORF952	ORF953	ORF954	ORF955	ORF956	ORF957	ORF958	ORF959	ORF960	ORF961	ORF962	ORF963	ORF964	ORF965	ORF966	ORF967	ORF968	ORF969	ORF970	ORF971	ORF972	ORF973	ORF974	ORF975	ORF976	ORF977	ORF978	ORF979	ORF980	ORF981	ORF982	ORF983	ORF984	ORF985	ORF986	ORF987	ORF988	ORF989	ORF990	ORF991	ORF992	ORF993	ORF994	ORF995	ORF996	ORF997	ORF998	ORF999	ORF1000	ORF1001	ORF1002	ORF1003	ORF1004	ORF1005	ORF1006	ORF1007	ORF1008	ORF1009	ORF1010	ORF1011	ORF1012	ORF1013	ORF1014	ORF1015	ORF1016	ORF1017	ORF1018	ORF1019	ORF1020	ORF1021	ORF1022	ORF1023	ORF1024	ORF1025	ORF1026	ORF1027	ORF1028	ORF1029	ORF1030	ORF1031	ORF1032	ORF1033	ORF1034	ORF1035	ORF1036	ORF1037	ORF1038	ORF1039	ORF1040	ORF1041	ORF1042	ORF1043	ORF1044	ORF1045	ORF1046	ORF1047	ORF1048	ORF1049	ORF1050	ORF1051	ORF1052	ORF1053	ORF1054	ORF1055	ORF1056	ORF1057	ORF1058	ORF1059	ORF1060	ORF1061	ORF1062	ORF1063	ORF1064	ORF1065	ORF1066	ORF1067	ORF1068	ORF1069	ORF1070	ORF1071	ORF1072	ORF1073	ORF1074	ORF1075	ORF1076	ORF1077	ORF1078	ORF1079	ORF1080	ORF1081	ORF1082	ORF1083	ORF1084	ORF1085	ORF1086	ORF1087	ORF1088	ORF1089	ORF1090	ORF1091	ORF1092	ORF1093	ORF1094	ORF1095	ORF1096	ORF1097	ORF1098	ORF1099	ORF1100	ORF1101	ORF1102	ORF1103	ORF1104	ORF1105	ORF1106	ORF1107	ORF1108	ORF1109	ORF1110	ORF1111	ORF1112	ORF1113	ORF1114	ORF1115	ORF1116	ORF1117	ORF1118	ORF1119	ORF1120	ORF1121	ORF1122	ORF1123	ORF1124	ORF1125	ORF1126	ORF1127	ORF1128	ORF1129	ORF1130	ORF1131	ORF1132	ORF1133	ORF1134	ORF1135	ORF1136	ORF1137	ORF1138	ORF1139	ORF1140	ORF1141	ORF1142	ORF1143	ORF1144	ORF1145	ORF1146	ORF1147	ORF1148	ORF1149	ORF1150	ORF1151	ORF1152	ORF1153	ORF1154	ORF1155	ORF1156	ORF1157	ORF1158	ORF1159	ORF1160	ORF1161	ORF1162	ORF1163	ORF1164	ORF1165	ORF1166	ORF1167	ORF1168	ORF1169	ORF1170	ORF1171	ORF1172	ORF1173	ORF1174	ORF1175	ORF1176	ORF1177	ORF1178	ORF1179	ORF1180	ORF1181	ORF1182	ORF1183	ORF1184	ORF1185	ORF1186	ORF1187	ORF1188	ORF1189	ORF1190	ORF1191	ORF1192	ORF1193	ORF1194	ORF1195	ORF1196	ORF1197	ORF1198	ORF1199	ORF1200	ORF1201	ORF1202	ORF1203	ORF1204	ORF12
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Table VIII, page 10

TABLE IX

MOTIFS	POSITION							
	[1° anchor 1]	2	3	4	5	[1° anchor 6]	7	8
DR4 preferred deleterious	<i>FMYLIVW</i>	M	T	W	I	VSTCPALIM	MH R	MH WDE
DR1 preferred deleterious	<i>MELIVWY</i>	C	CH	PAMQ FD	CWD	VMATSP LIC	M GDE	AVM D
DR7 preferred deleterious	<i>MELIVWY</i>	M C	W	A G		IVMSACTPL	M GRD	IV G
DR Supermotif	<i>MELIVWY</i>					VMSTACPLI		
DR3 MOTIFS	[1° anchor 1]	2	3	[1° anchor 4]	5	[1° anchor 6]		
motif a preferred	LIVMFY			D				
motif b preferred	LIVMFAY			DNQEST		KRH		

Italicized residues indicate less preferred or "tolerated" residues.

SP 224432-1

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a unit dose form of a peptide comprising an epitope from Table VIII or analog thereof which binds to an HLA class II molecule at an  $IC_{50}$  of less than or equal to 1,000 nM.
2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the peptide is derived from a tumor antigen which is selected from the group consisting of carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), p53, MAGE-2, MAGE-3, or Her2/neu.
3. The composition of claim 1, wherein the immunogenic peptide is derived from a viral antigen.
4. The composition of claim 3, wherein the viral antigen is from HIV, HBV, or HCV.
5. The composition of claim 5, wherein the antigen is *Plasmodium falciparum*.
6. A composition of claim 1 wherein the epitope comprises an amino acid that is Y, F, W, L, I, V, or M at the first position from the N-terminus of the epitope and an amino acid of S, T, C, A, P, V, I, L, or M at the sixth position from the N-terminus of the epitope.
7. A composition of claim 1 wherein the composition is a nucleic acid that encodes the peptide.
8. A method of inducing a helper T cell response in a patient, the method comprising contacting a helper T cell with a composition of claim 1.
9. The method of claim 9, wherein the composition is a nucleic acid that encodes the peptide.

10. A composition comprising an epitope from Table VIII or analog thereof which binds to an HLA class II molecule at an  $IC_{50}$  of less than or equal to 1,000 nM wherein the epitope is bound to an HLA class II molecule present on an antigen presenting cell.
11. A composition that comprises at least two peptides of claim 1.
12. A composition that comprises at least three peptides of claim 1.
13. A composition of claim 1, wherein a unit dose form of the peptide is in the range of between 500  $\mu$ g and 50,000  $\mu$ g.

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RESIDUE	p1 ANCHOR	2	3	4	5	p6 ANCHOR	7	8	9
C		0.57	0.74	1.12	0.83	0.47	0.94	0.28	1.10
G		1.14	0.64	0.43	0.48		0.49	1.19	0.52
S		1.55	1.31	1.29	1.76	1.11	1.23	2.93	1.54
T		1.00	4.34	0.89	1.32	1.86	3.07	1.76	1.64
P		0.56	0.31	1.44	2.46	0.86	2.83	2.12	2.18
A		0.96	1.04	1.57	0.59	0.65	0.86	0.82	1.62
L	0.81	0.86	1.88	1.28	1.11	0.67	1.36	1.08	0.83
I	0.79	1.74	1.01	1.91	4.39	0.98	2.36	1.66	2.75
V	0.79	3.34	0.93	1.05	0.70	2.36	0.69	0.54	1.53
M	1.14	12.79	1.49	2.77	0.32	0.74	8.11	1.98	4.05
F	2.33	3.66	1.85	0.80	1.58		1.84	1.34	1.12
W	0.82	2.04	2.52	0.21	0.91		0.39	0.35	0.22
Y	1.07	0.74	1.51	0.39	1.41		0.44	0.61	0.35
H		0.78	0.15	1.14	0.93		13.77	1.40	5.15
R		1.09	0.50	0.69	0.39		0.14	0.41	1.22
K		1.44	1.25	0.53	0.40		0.62	0.64	0.55
Q		0.40	0.38	1.61	2.09		0.31	0.71	0.62
N		0.44	1.72	1.42	1.89		0.84	0.43	1.64
D		0.34	0.33	1.40	0.40		0.58	0.53	0.24
E		0.31	1.09	0.42	0.42		0.29	0.61	0.25

FIG. 1.

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RESIDUE	p1 ANCHOR	2	3	4	5	p6 ANCHOR	7	8	9
C		0.22	0.15	0.49	0.06	0.14	0.31	0.45	0.35
G		1.29	3.38	2.13	1.73		0.23	1.58	0.44
S		0.87	0.48	0.32	0.58	0.74	1.03	1.25	1.03
T		0.57	2.08	0.30	1.59	1.26	1.51	1.73	2.32
P		0.43	0.88	5.42	2.57	0.63	1.78	1.63	1.52
A		1.93	3.51	4.14	1.59	2.42	1.89	1.25	4.09
L	0.97	1.20	0.64	3.08	2.32	0.85	2.02	3.10	0.83
I	1.00	3.84	1.59	1.10	1.30	0.75	3.47	0.67	1.32
V	0.74	2.95	1.08	0.79	1.97	1.16	2.89	0.57	5.89
M	2.82	1.07	2.62	7.66	0.93	2.67	7.27	1.01	4.39
F	1.51	2.05	0.49	0.22	0.40		0.91	0.89	0.79
W	0.30	0.63	0.69	0.56	0.14		0.61	0.35	0.58
Y	0.88	0.51	1.22	0.36	2.04		0.99	0.26	0.42
H		0.51	0.11	0.68	1.57		1.81	1.20	0.55
R		0.80	0.49	0.43	0.37		1.08	1.43	0.83
K		2.69	2.32	0.49	0.67		1.33	2.24	0.44
Q		1.38	1.27	7.07	1.58		1.06	3.65	1.54
N		0.63	1.41	1.20	0.75		1.16	0.43	1.15
D		0.85	0.31	0.20	0.21		0.11	0.08	0.39
E		0.31	0.47	0.59	0.57		0.16	0.53	0.27

FIG. 2.

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RESIDUE	p1 ANCHOR	2	3	4	5	p6 ANCHOR	7	8	9
C		0.17	0.58	0.30	0.26	0.45	1.38	0.53	1.04
G		0.45	0.43	0.25	0.54		0.23	1.30	0.22
S		1.86	0.66	1.11	2.39	1.14	1.95	1.67	0.89
T		0.72	6.53	1.88	1.78	0.79	1.54	0.94	1.92
P		0.36	0.37	2.01	0.46	0.49	1.06	0.60	1.78
A		1.43	2.63	4.78	0.89	1.51	0.74	0.89	0.61
L	0.87	1.04	1.08	1.09	0.83	0.89	1.88	1.18	0.97
I	0.77	1.99	0.96	2.17	2.88	1.11	1.11	1.52	5.69
V	0.82	2.15	0.47	0.57	0.92	2.25	1.36	0.80	5.49
M	1.45	5.75	2.54	3.74	0.33	1.21	9.03	3.01	3.42
F	1.97	1.43	0.68	0.90	1.07		2.50	2.39	1.90
W	0.93	1.32	4.07	0.81	0.58		0.81	0.95	0.66
Y	0.90	0.78	3.34	0.62	3.32		0.64	0.74	0.74
H		1.67	0.36	0.62	2.09		1.10	1.02	1.13
R		1.29	0.70	0.45	1.31		0.21	0.59	2.67
K		1.45	1.32	0.47	0.86		1.40	1.26	0.48
Q		1.70	0.82	2.09	1.4		1.01	2.68	0.36
N		1.42	2.35	0.86	1.68		1.62	0.24	0.88
D		0.61	0.41	0.27	0.26		0.19	0.44	0.30
E		0.48	0.59	1.23	0.74		0.45	0.57	1.16

FIG. 3.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US99/12066

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) : Please See Extra Sheet.

US CL : Please See Extra Sheet.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 435/7.23, 7.24, 343.2, 344; 424/160.1, 159.1, 174.1, 188.1, 189.1, 208.1, 227.1; 530/388.35, 388.3, 388.75, 388.8, 389.4

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched  
none

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

DIALOG, BIOSIS, DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS ONLINE, EMBASE, MEDLINE, AIDSLINE, epitope, carcinoembryonic antigen, HLA, MAGE, HIV, CLASS II, tumor antigen

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	VALMORI ET AL. Analysis of MAGE-3-specific Cytolytic T Lymphocytes in Human Leukocyte Antigen-A2 Melanoma Patients. Cancer Research. 15 February 1997. Vol 57. No. 4. pages 735-741, especially Abstract.	1-13
Y	HARRISON ET AL. A Peptide-binding Motif for I-Ag7, the Class II Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) Molecule of NOD and Biozzi AB/H Mice. J. Exp. Med. 17 March 1997. Vol 185. No. 6. pages 1013-1021, especially Abstract.	1-13

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
*A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
*B* earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
*L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*A* document member of the same patent family
*O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
*P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

16 AUGUST 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

21 OCT 1999

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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US99/12066

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	FRAZIANO ET AL. The Presence of Antibodies against HIV Peptides in the Sera of Alloimmune Mice and Thalassemic Patients Is Due to a Polyclonal Activation mechanism. Clinical Immunology and Immunopathology. August 1997. Vol 84. No. 2. pages 202-207, especially Abstract.	1-13
Y	BREMERS, ET AL. The Use of Epstein-Barr Virus-Transformed B Lymphocyte Cell Lines in a Peptide-Reconstitution Assay: Identification of CEA-Related HLA-A *0301-Restricted potential Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte Epitopes. J. Immunotherapy. August 1995. Vol 18. No. 2. pages 77-85, especially Abstract.	1-13
Y	ZAREMBA ET AL. Identification of an Enhancer Agonist Cytotoxic T lymphocyte Peptide from Human Carcinoembryonic Antigen. Cancer Research. 15 October 1997. Vol 57. pages 4570-4577, especially Abstract.	1-13
Y	RAS ET AL. Identification of Potential HLA-A *0201 Restricted CTL Epitopes Derived from the Epithelial Cell Adhesion Molecule (Ep-CAM) and the Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA). Human Immunology. January 1997. Vol 53. pages 81-89, especially Abstract.	1-13

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US99/12066

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:  
IPC (6):

G01N 33/574, 33/53; C12N 7/00; A61K 39/42, 39/395, 39/21, 39/29; C07K 16/00

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER:  
US CL :

435/7.23, 7.24, 343.2, 344; 424/160.1, 159.1, 174.1, 188.1, 189.1, 208.1, 227.1; 530/388.35, 388.3, 388.75, 388.8, 389.4

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